THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Hampton & Co.) MEMPHIS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 143

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Abie, Thos & Co., wholesale dealers in foreign and domestic liquors, No. 1 Bradley block.

Black, Cameron & Co., produce and commission me hants Chartered express, refer M. & C. & C. R. R. Depot.

Bradford & Buckingham, cotton factors and general commission merchants, No. 266 Front street, upstairs.

Buckly, P., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes 241 Main street.

Bullock & Co., booksellers and stationers, 315 Main street.

Brown & Gribble, attorneys at law, over Tennessee National Bank, corner Jefferson and Main.

Bruce, O. C. & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 315 Front street.

Brittain, E. B., general railroad and steamboat ticket agent, 5 Jefferson street.

Brown & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 15 Jefferson street.

Brown, Dillard & Co., cotton factors and tobacco agents, 21 Front street.

Citizens' Union Bank, 25 Madison street.

Commercial Hotel, D. Bryson, proprietor, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Cousins, Dr. A. S., medicine office in Bethel Block, corner of Court and Main streets.

Cox & Humphreys, produce and commission merchants No. 1 Howard Row.

Cunningham, Dickson, flour merchant, 220 Front street.

Chamberlin & Co., T., job printers, blank book manufacturers and stationery, 197 Main street.

Dickinson, John A., carpets, furniture, oil cloth, etc., etc., 197 Main street.

Dickinson, J. W., & Bro., cotton factors, general commission and produce merchants, No. 270 Front street.

Evening Argus & Sun, newspaper and periodical agents, 10 Jefferson street.

Freeland & Gilbert, wholesale and retail dealers in queensware, China, glass, etc., 295 Main street.

Fitzhugh & Wynn, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 111-2 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Emmet Savings Institution, 7 Madison street.

Elkus Brothers, mammoth cheap dry goods store, 299 Main street.

Foster, Gwynn & Co., grocers and cotton factors, 265 Front street.

Fowlkes, J. W. & Son, drugists, 301 Main street.

Fissle, Beckham & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 200 Main street.

Farrington & Howell, grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 262 Front street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., grocers, produce dealers and commission merchants, 254 Front street.

Ford & Co., J. O., manufacturers and dealers in saddles, harness, etc., 307½ Main street.

Gates, Wood & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, No. 267 Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

Garner House, D. Cockrell, proprietor, Shelby, between Bayou and McCall streets

Goodbar & Gilliland, exclusive wholesale dealers in boots, shoes and hats, 326 Main street, up-stairs

Gay, Alden & McCrea, commission and forwarding merchants, No. 268 Front street.

Glover, Dr. L. C., practices in the eclectic system; Virginia House, Adams street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Goodloe & Isbell, Slave dealers, 195 Main street.

Gospel, Leopold, music dealer, 278 Main street.

Greeley & Co., George M., grocers and cotton factors, 263 Front street.

Gumbinger, J., dealer in specialties, 317½ Main street.

Hart, H. W. & B. N., attorneys at law, 42 Madison street Dobbs Block.

Hewitt, Ward & Co., wholesale and retail dealers in fancy and staple dry goods, 321 Main street, Memphis.

Hoette & Co. P. J., importers and wholesale dealers in wines and liquors, 47 North Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

Harmstad, Larry, steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 13 Jefferson street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., wholesale and retail grocers, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 266 Front st.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Knight, Wm. B., dry goods, clothing, notions, etc., 199 Main street.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street Annisonche Hotel Building, Memphis, Tennessee.

Leopold, Dr. Del., eye and ear dispensary, Main street, opposite Overton House.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, Arkansas, 29 Union street.

Levy & Co. A. H., auctioneers, Second street, between Union and Gayoso.

Lobkower & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers, 241 Main street.

Lane & Saunders, real estate agents, 329 Front street.

Leidy & Miller, Dealers in hats, caps, straw goods, etc., No. 20 Main street.

Lee and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders 6 Madison street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods, 262 Main street.

Maxwell & Anderson, marble works, 39 Union street.

Moore, Whitfield & Rayner, cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, 264 Front street, Memphis

McKinney, Bryson & Co., dealers in furniture, carpets and oil cloths, 299 Main street, McKinney's old stand.

Memphis Insurance Co., 325 Madison street.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 3 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 5 Jefferson street, under Commercial Hotel.

Millar & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McClure, J. H., architect and engineer, Saltiman Block, corner Madison and Second streets.

Monsarrat & Montgomery, real estate agents, 271 Second street.

Meribben & Bro., liquor dealers, 281 Main street.

Mosley, J. H., coal dealer, 13 Union street.

Mastin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 253 Front street.

Maxwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 39 Union street, between Second and Third.

Mabry & Co., George, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 272 Front street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor No. 311 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

McCaffrey & Detweiler, general undertakers and embalmers, Adams street, between Main and Second, Memphis, Tenn.

Mims & Stoddard, auctioneers, 221 Main street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailors, 3 Madison street.

Meaken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 262 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Office, corner Main and Memphis and Ohio R. R. depot.

Mitchell & Hoffman, manufacturers of furniture, dealers in carpets, oil cloths, etc., 209 Main street and 36 Monroe.

Mims & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 14 Madison street.

Nevils & Rose, grocers and cotton factors, 178 Front street.

Owens, Moore & Wyer, Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Agents, 40 Main and 254 Madison streets.

Otis & Co., wholesale milliners' supplies, 219 Second street.

Pattison & Co., George, booksellers and stationers, 36 North Court street.

Porter & Harbert, cotton and tobacco factors and general commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Plummer, Darry & Co., produce and commission merchants, 256 Main street.

Power & McGhee, merchant tailors, 290 Second street.

Pegue, W. C., Superintendent Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, foot of Jefferson street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 14 Madison street.

People's Insurance Company, W. A. Gronslaw, President, 20 Madison street.

Pomeroy & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vinegar Bend, Arkansas.

Perkins, Alvinzeus S., Fort, cotton gins, presses and plantation machinery, 39 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Plummer, R. D., general storage, commission and cotton factor, 256 Main street, Wheeler block.

Price & Terry, cotton factors, 13 Union street.

Patrick & Co., J. H., cotton factors, 258 Front street.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Yeargan, dealers in tobacco and flour, and commission merchants, 264 Front street.

Price & Terry, cotton factors and commission merchants, 13 Union street.

Pattison, Geo. & Co., booksellers and stationers, 36 North Court street.

Pollen & Hammock, china, glass and queensware, 272 Main street.

Pegue, Yeargan & Co., commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Pooley, Simpson & Co., watches, diamonds and fine jewelry, 301 Main street.

Robinson & Co., Wm. A., founders and machinists, opposite the Gayoso House.

Rutta, Finney & Co., cotton factors, 13 Union street.

Rogers & Co., S. C., publishers of The Baptist and The Home Circle, Memphis, Tennessee, Arcade Building, Court street.

Robbins, E. & Bradley, hardware merchants, 229 Second st. street, Adams Block, Memphis, Tenn.

Royster, Townsend & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Lyons Block, Second street.

Rebecca, Mitchell & Co., clothing and Gathering goods, 36 Main street.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 47 Madison street.

Smith, W. R., undertaker, 10 Monroe street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 309 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Selden, Williams & Co., lumber dealers, 174 Madison street.

Savings Bank of Memphis, 201 Main street.

Sayres, James, passenger agent, City Wharfboat, foot of Monroe street.

Stutzkhul, Jacob, dealer in fine liquors, 239 Third street.

Smith, Thomas O., undertaker, 10 Monroe street.

Swain, James A., general insurance agent, 13 Union street, up stairs.

Shepard, Watkins & Co., dry goods and commission merchants, 261 Main street.

Stith, F., architect and engineer, Irving Block, Second street, near Court.

Schaffer, Henry C., prescription and family medicine drug store, corner Second and Madison streets.

Terry & Mitchell, wholesale dealers in boots, shoes and hats, No. 329 Main street, Holmes Building.

Thrall & Co., J. C., merchant tailors, 19 Jefferson street.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 13 West Court street.

Townsend, J. W., & Sons, real estate brokers, 31 Madison street.

Van Brocklin, E., auctioneer and commission merchant, 303 Madison street.

Watson & Donahue, steamboat agents, 264 Front street, up stairs.

Wessner, A & Co., Liquor merchants, No. 234 Front street.

Wear & Roberts, grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 249 Second street.

Walker Brothers & Co., dealers in dry goods, 239 Main street.

Wood, Mitchell & Co., wholesale grocers and provision dealers, No. 13 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Wells & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants and forwarding merchants, 264 Main street.

Wells, Estes & Moore, cotton factors, general commission merchants and forwarding merchants, 264 Main street.

Wood & Estes attorneys at law, 36 Second street.

Wilcox & Co., E. B. & Bro., cotton factors on commission, 264 Front street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

FOR GOVERNOR,

EMERSON ETHERIDGE

OF WEAKLEY COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

Hon. J. W. LEFTWICH.

FOR STATE SENATOR,

Hon. JOHN W. SMITH, of Shelby.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

Honorable DAN. ABLE,

Honorable W. W. COLEMAN.

State Central Executive Committee.
Colonel John Baxter, of Knox.
Hon. James Jones of Greene.
Hon. Charles S. Cameron, of Shelby.
Hon. Dorsey B. Thoman, of Humphreys.
Hon. John C. Gaut, of Davidson.
Hon. Wm. B. Campbell, of Wilson.
Hon. A. A. Steele, of Marshall.

TO THE PEOPLE OF WEST TENNESSEE.

Hon. EMERSON ETHERIDGE, Conservative candidate for Governor, will address the people of West Tennessee at the following time and places:

Purdy, Saturday, June 15th.
Bolivar, Monday, June 17th.
Jackson, Tuesday, June 18th.
Humboldt, Thursday, June 20th.
Dresden, Saturday, June 22d.

Papers of the district are requested to publish the above list of appointments.

Out of 200,000 people in Boston, about 40,000 are regular attendants at church.

There are one thousand acres of strawberries on the line of the Illinois Central railroad.

William Reed, a New York coal dealer, and not John Morrissey, has bought Barnum's villa.

In Doniphan county, Kansas, and Platte county, Missouri, the grasshoppers are doing a great deal of damage.

A paper is in circulation at Washington, and is being numerously signed, asking the President to pardon Gen. Longstreet.

Texas papers contain accounts of a devastating storm on the 21 and 3d insts., by which many lives and much property was destroyed.

Receipts of internal revenue last week, $9,168,549; gold in the treasury, $103,000,000, including $18,000,000 deposited for gold certificates.

Another of the negroes concerned in the Dog River outrage, near Mobile, has been arrested and identified. His name is James Richardson.

Advices from New Orleans show that the new government finds the Treasury of Louisiana so bankrupt that there is not money enough on hand to pay the State officers.

Provisions in Montana are remarkably cheap, and it is said this will be a good season for miners. Emigration to Montana is still on the increase, and but few persons are returning East.

J. L. Pearson, a lawyer, who is charged with obtaining $1000 from the President of the National Bank, Jersey City, by a forged check, is also alleged to have attempted to defraud a firm in Philadelphia of $1900.

It is generally well known that Butler is cross eyed. The Louisville *Courier* says that the misfortune happened him while attempting to steal two oppositely located spoons at once.

An inquisitive urchin at Pittsfield, Mass., while reciting a lesson the other day from Christ's sermon on the mount, broke out, "Mother, did Jesus Christ get two thousand dollars a year for preaching?"

A New York landlord, who rented part of a store on Broadway last year for $9,000 and drove away his tenant this year by charging $13,000, has lately leased the premises for $5,000, and was glad of the chance.

Friday, in Philadelphia, while some boys were drinking from a hydrant in front of a new building, one, aged five years, was instantly killed by a brick thrown by a workman. The murderer was arrested.

The Kansas City *Advertiser* says that Gen. Joseph O. Shelby, of the late Confederate army, has returned to his old home in Lafayette county, where he intends to resume his old occupation of farming.

Alexander Webb, a colored register of voters for Hale and Green counties, Alabama, was murdered Thursday night, at Greensborough. No further particulars have been received by General Swayne.

The indulgent papa of a New York belle, presented her, on her last birthday, with one valuable horse and *coupe*, one pair of diamond ear rings, one India shawl, four boxes of Jouvin's best, and three different colored silk dresses.

While several prisoners, charged with murder at Chattanooga, were coming towards Louisville, from Indianapolis, last night, under custody of the sheriff, one of them jumped out of the car window at Marshfield, when the car stopped for water, and escaped.

Information from North Carolina announces that proceedings will be instituted to force the railroads in North Carolina, in which the State has an interest, into bankruptcy, as they are insolvent in reality, and are only allowed to keep in running order through the suffrance of their creditors.

A man named Caleb Frisbee fatally shot John Bricham, at Sing Sing, New York, last Thursday. It was a Col. Hiscox affair, with this difference: Bricham forced a girl whom Frisbee, a married man, was on improper intimacy with. Frisbee escaped, and was at large at last accounts.

The Hobertson (Tenn.) *Register* says: We learn that a difficulty occurred at Adairville, Kentucky, on Tuesday last, (after the exhibition of the show,) in which Alfred Ragsdale shot one Donnelly, and two others whose names we did not learn. Donnelly is supposed to be mortally wounded.

On Saturday afternoon, Wm. Pyles and Thos. Shaw, his brother-in-law, were drinking in a saloon four miles back of Newport, Kentucky, and a discussion arose about Pyles' wife, during which he said she was a w—e. The brother struck him, when he drew a pistol and shot Shaw through the head, killing him instantly. Pyles gave himself up, and is in the Newport jail.

George Goforth, a lad fifteen years old, was shot in the bowels, in Cincinnati, Saturday, with a pistol in the hands of a colored boy named Ferguson Spencer. They were contending for possession of the pistol when it was discharged. Death ensued in a few hours. Goforth was the only son of his mother, and she a widow. Spencer was acquitted.

Joe Coburn, the prize fighter, arrived in New York Saturday evening. He states that the reports of Barney Aaron's death are false; that Barney is fast recovering from his injuries, and might be expected to arrive there on Monday.

Granville Montrell, an escaped felon and convict from the Virginia Penitentiary, was arrested a few days since in Knoxville, Tenn., by a policeman Osborne. A reward of $1,650 will be paid on the delivery of the fugitive.

An agent for the Pacific Railroad, California side, has arrived in Washington to obtain, through the Freedman's Bureau, the services of from one thousand to five thousand colored laborers on that road, offering them steady employment and high wages.

In the Louisiana Republican State Convention, Saturday, a resolution was tabled asking Congress to appropriate fifty million dollars for obtaining peaceable possession of the island of Cuba, or take it by force of arms. Governor Flanders yesterday addressed the Convention.

Frank M. Paul has put out his sign in Nashville as a "Fancy Job Printer." The *Banner* in a local notice says: "It is rather awkward to have to indorse the claims of a rival, but we are bound to say that a defter workman, a more graceful and finished artist does not live. Next to ourselves he is the most accomplished typo in the world."

Sir Wm. Napier, brother of the English ex-Minister, has been arrested in New York on the charge of purchasing of one C. P. Mendlehall, of Baltimore, goods amounting to three hundred and thirty dollars, and giving in payment a worthless order on an English bank. Napier has an extensive estate at Morristown, Tennessee, and came here to send home to England a governess to educate his children, who dislike the home customs and manners of the country. The complainant alleged that he was about to depart for Europe, which is untrue. He denies the guilt and agreed to be tried on the 24th ultimo.

One of the peculiar phases of Brownlowism occurred at Pulaski, Tennessee, the other day. Many persons came quite a distance to the town to get their registration papers. It was announced that as the blanks had given out they could not be registered. To obviate this difficulty, those desiring to be registered went to the *Citizen* office and had blanks printed at their own expense. The registrar refused to use them because they were not furnished by the State.

A LOOKING GLASS FOR THE BROWNLOWITES.

Brownlow in 1862 in Favor of Property in Negroes.

His Sentiments Not Changed Since His Debate with Pryne.

He Is In Favor of Emancipation Because He Thought It Would Extinguish the Negro Race.

The Indorsement of Etheridge by Brownlow.

BROWNLOW makes the following statement in the opening chapter of the book he published in Philadelphia in 1862, shortly after he was sent through the Confederate lines:

In September, 1858, I was engaged in a debate upon the slavery question, in Philadelphia, with Rev. Abram Pryne, of New York, in which I defended the institution of slavery as it exists in the South. The debate was published in Philadelphia, and exhibits my sentiments upon that great question, which have undergone no change since then.

BROWNLOW, in 1864, was only for emancipating the slaves for two reasons. One was that it would be the means of extinguishing the negro race. In his paper, the Knoxville *Whig*, of May 28, 1864, he said:

We have never differed with the South upon the abstract question of slavery, and do not now differ, and we are free to say that the condition of the slaves, when liberated, if left in the South, will be worse than it is even during their servitude, and we are for emancipating every negro in the South, notwithstanding all this. For taking this ground we have two controlling reasons. First, it will be the severest punishment of the Southern rebels that can be inflicted, and next, it will be the very means of extinguishing the negro race, as the removal and civilization of the Indian tribes have tended to extinguish them.

BROWNLOW'S dislike, if not hatred, for the negro crops out at a still later period. In his message of April 6, 1865, to the Legislature, he said:

It is certainly proper and right for the Legislature of Tennessee to determine to what extent this State shall be overrun with the emancipated slaves of other States. . . . I am, myself, the staunch advocate of providing for them a separate and appropriate amount of territory, and settle them down permanently as a nation of freedmen.

Again, in his message of the 3d of October, 1865, he says:

A long and intimate acquaintance with affairs in the South has convinced me that the white and colored people cannot live together, politically or socially, as equals, and therefore all our legislation should look to a peaceable separation of the two races on Southern soil.

He was bent upon ridding the State of them. In the same message he advocated settling them in Texas, and then he says:

If this scheme should not strike the National Government as plausible, then let Mexico be cleaned out and turned over to the emancipated slaves of the South.

TAXATION WITHOUT REPRESENTATION.

BROWNLOW is now for taxing but excluding the Southern States from representation. How beautiful his consistency we will see. On the 23d of March, 1861, BROWNLOW declared himself a candidate for Governor, and in an address to the people of Tennessee, he held the following language:

Our fathers, declaring their independence, threw off the oppression of the mother country, and summed up their grievances as "taxation without representation." We have again in our midst a bogus form of government, forced upon the cotton States by an organized band of revolutionists whose only foundation is that of "taxation without representation."

BROWNLOW INDORSES ETHERIDGE.

In March, 1862, BROWNLOW penned the following indorsement of EMERSON ETHERIDGE. On page 380, of BROWNLOW'S book, you will find it just as it is given here:

Night before last I heard a speech from Etheridge, delivered before an attentive audience of twelve or fifteen hundred persons. He spoke over two hours. I never heard him in a regular stump speech before." saw at once the secret of his great success before the people. He is the *people's man*, and keeps up the interest all the time. He was severe on the leaders of the rebellion, but not more so than they deserved, and his blows met with a hearty response from the crowd.

Will the Radical papers make a note of this?

A GAMING TABLE OF NORTHERN OFFICIAL.

BROWNLOW so bitterly hated any thing tinctured with anti-slavery that he railed at the Southern opposition in Congress for a seeming disposition to unite with the Black Republicans. Rather than do that he would play push pin on Northern collins. Here is what he said in his paper in 1860:

We, of course, will not advise Southern Opposition members what to do, believing them competent to preserve their honor and respect, and to discharge a sworn duty to their country and their constituents; but were we a member of the Southern Opposition in Congress, before we would occupy the paltry and contemptible attitude of creeping after a party that had spurned us by its deliberate acts, we would see the capitol of the nation, and all the territory North and South sunk to *e ernal perdition*. Nay, we would see all the political organizations in America as far as hell as a pigeon could fly in a thousand years, or as a forge hammer could fall in twice that time! Sooner than degrade ourselves under the pretence of battling for the homes and rights of our children, we would see them all starve to death, and then seat ourselves upon their coffins with a Southern gentleman and play push pin for the *lager beer*.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TUESDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

Facts and Fancies from Washington.

Maximilian, Miramon and Mejia to be Brought to Trial.

Meeting of Captains of the Steamboat Association in Louisville.

Rates of Freight Advanced 25 Per Cent. to all Points South.

The Railroad Convention in Louisville.

Trouble Between Minister Campbell and the State Department.

General Steadman Declines a Mexican Mission.

The City Council of Philadelphia Refuse to Tender the President a Welcome.

WASHINGTON, JUNE 18.—A letter has been received from Queretaro wherein it is stated that the General in Chief on the 5th issued the necessary orders for the trial of Maximilian, Miramon and Mejia. In accordance with the laws of January 4th, 1862, Maximilian requested permission, which was granted, to send a telegram to the Prussian Minister in Mexico, the purport whereof was to request him, Don Maria Riva Calacia, and Martine De La Pranze, to act as his defenders.

BALTIMORE, June 18.—In the Circuit Court, Judge Yates presiding, in the case of Kennedy vs. Gibson, arising out of the recent failure of the Merchants' National Bank, Washington, involving the question of individual liability to the clause in the General National Banking laws, the Court to-day rendered a lengthy opinion to the effect that no suit can be maintained under the said clause until the Controller of Currency has audited the accounts of the insolvent institution, and ascertained, after due notice to the creditors, the amount of liabilities.

LOUISVILLE, June 18.—At a meeting of the captains of the Steamboat Association rates of freight to all points south were advanced twenty-five per cent. on former prevailing rates.

A Railroad Convention is in session at the Louisville Hotel, having in view the reduction of rates, and the establishment of quick time and accurate connections. Some twenty roads are represented.

NEW YORK, June 18.—A Washington special says Minister Campbell declines saying what has transpired between the State Department and himself. He feels confident the people will sustain him in the position he has taken when the records are published. A violent rain storm took place in Philadelphia last night, doing considerable damage, extent whereof not known.

The *Herald's* special says Secretary Seward tendered a Mexican mission to General Steadman, to proceed there at once. The General declined, on account of the condition of his private affairs.

AUGUSTA, GA., June 18.—Registration of voters begins this week in Georgia.

A white man named W. L. Flynn, a storekeeper on the Albany and Gulf railroad, was murdered by two negroes last night, his head and face being chopped to pieces with an axe. They then burned his house. The murderers were arrested by colored men. Indignation was so great it was with great difficulty the whites were prevented from lynching the culprits.

PHILADELPHIA, June 18.—The City Council refused yesterday to adopt a resolution tendering the President welcome on his way through the city. The Radicals violently opposed the measure.

BOSTON, June 18.—The ninety-second anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill was observed yesterday with unusual spirit.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 16.—The American whaling ship Canton was wrecked May 3d, near Hakadale. Five lives were lost. The vessel is a total loss.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ The news of the City will be found on the first and third pages. ☜

THE BEAUTIES OF BROWNLOW'S LEGISLATURE.

How Radicals Trample on Constitutional Rights.

Jury Trial Guaranteed.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury."—[United States Constitution, article three, section two.

Further guarantees—

"The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate."—[Bill of Rights, Tennessee Constitution, section six.

"No free man shall be put to answer any criminal charge but by presentment, indictment or impeachment."—[Bill of Rights, Tennessee Constitution, section fourteen.

"No freeman shall be taken or imprisoned or disseised of his freehold, liberties or privileges, or outlawed or exiled, or in any manner destroyed or deprived of his life, liberty or prosperity, but by the judgment of his peers or the law of the land."—[Bill of Rights, Tennessee Constitution, section eight.

"In all criminal prosecutions the accused hath a right to be heard by himself and his counsel, to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him, to have a copy thereof, to meet the witnesses face to face, to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and in prosecutions by indictment or presentment, a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the crime shall have been committed, and shall not be compelled to give evidence against himself."—[Bill of Rights, Tennessee Constitution, section nine.

THESE GUARANTEES COVER ALL ALLEGATIONS OF OFFENCES.

"A crime is an offense against a public law. This word (crime) in its most general signification comprehends all offenses."—[1 Chitty, Gen. T., 14.

Of those offenses which Bouvier's Law Dictionary classifies as offenses against character, there are disturbing religious worship, obstructing legal process, affrays, riots, disorderly conduct, drunkenness, nuisances, keeping disorderly houses and gaming houses, lotteries, gambling, and many others, are tried and finally determined by the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, before whom they are brought. If the party tried is wronged, he can only appeal to the Municipal Court.

APPEALS ONLY ALLOWED TO THE MUNICIPAL COURT.

"Be it further enacted, That all appeals from the Recorder's or Police Commissioners' Court of Memphis, shall be taken to the Municipal Court of Memphis," &c.—[Acts of June, 1866-67—sec. 45.

No provision in which the Judge of the Municipal Court may be prejudiced. The appeal *must be taken* to the Municipal Court, if taken at all.

IN SUCH CASES JURY TRIAL IS EXPRESSLY FORBIDDEN, IN DIRECT OPPOSITION TO THE FOREGOING CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES AND TENNESSEE CONSTITUTIONS.

"Provided, that all appeals from the Recorder's or Police Commissioners' Court of Memphis, shall be tried by the Judge of the Court as elsewhere provided in this act."

Act of June, 1866-7, section 40: Said Municipal Court shall also have appellate jurisdiction of all cases taken to said court by appeal or certiacrari from any of the Justices of the Peace in said districts. Said court shall also have the exclusive jurisdiction heretofore exercised by the Law Court of Memphis, of all cases appealed from the Recorder's or Police Commissioner's Court of Memphis."

Acts of June, 1866-7, section 43: "The Municipal Court shall also have exclusive jurisdiction of all appeals from the judgments of Justices of the Peace in said districts, wherein fines are levied under the provisions of the code relating to 'small offenses.'"

BROWNLOW'S MILITIA AN OUTRAGE—THE CONSTITUTION SAYS A STANDING ARMY IS DANGEROUS.

"As standing armies in time of peace are dangerous to freedom, they ought to be avoided as far as the circumstances and safety of the community will admit, and that in all cases the military shall be kept in strict subordination to the civil authority."—[Constitution of Tennessee, section 24.

GENERAL THOMAS DECLARED THAT HE WOULD USE ALL THE TROOPS AND IN MAINTAINING ORDER AND STATE AUTHORITY.

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF THE TENNESSEE,
LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 7, 1867.

To His Excellency William G. Brownlow, Governor of Tennessee:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of March 1st, 1867, covering a copy of a joint resolution of the General Assembly of Tennessee, adopted February 28, 1867, and applying, in accordance therewith, to the United States, through me, for a sufficient force of United States soldiers to keep the peace and restore order in such portions of the State as the civil authorities have proved themselves unable to control. The State of Tennessee has been declared by the President of the United States to be no longer in rebellion, and that the laws can be enforced therein by means of civil authority, and the orders to me as military commander of this department are in accordance with said proclamation.

The troops under my command are available for assistance in the civil authorities in enforcing the laws and preserving order, and, upon application of your Excellency, a sufficient force for that purpose will be sent to any locality in the State of Tennessee that may be designated, but the troops will act as aids only to the proper constituted civil authorities, and not assume control of the citizens by virtue of military orders.

With such application as your excellency may make it is requested that the nature of the disorder requiring the force may be stated, and the authorities to whom the troops are to report may be particularly designated.

I have the honor to be, sir, very respectfully your obedient servant,

GEORGE H. THOMAS,
Major General U. S. A., Commanding.

IN THE FACE OF THIS PROOF THAT THE MILITIA WAS NOT NEEDED THE BROWNLOW MILITIA BILL WAS PASSED.

"Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That the Governor is hereby authorized and empowered to organize, equip and call into active service a volunteer force to be known as 'Tennessee State Guards,' to be composed of one or more regiments from each Congressional district of the State."—[Acts of Tennessee, 1865-7, chap. 24, sec. 1.

BROWNLOW'S APPOINTING ALL MILITIA OFFICERS IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

All militia officers shall be *elected* by persons subject to military duty within the bounds of their several companies, battalions, regiments, brigades and divisions, under such rules and regulations as the Legislature may from time to time direct and establish.—[Const. of Tenn., Art. 8, Sec. 1.

WHO HAVE THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO ELECT MILITIA OFFICERS.

All persons not under eighteen or over forty-five years of age, and not specially exempt, are subject to militia duty.—[Code, Chap. 7, Sec. 470.

In the face of these provisions, Brownlow, under the act to organize the militia, assumes the power to appoint all officers of the militia. It is his appointees who make their will override both civil and military law. Brownlow's militia was not needed. General Thomas had proffered all aid required to maintain law and order. Why then does Brownlow appoint officers and organize gangs of useless soldiers in a time of profound peace. His servile tools in the Legislature gave him the unconstitutional and dangerous power of organizing as many regiments of soldiers as he pleased—not to preserve order, (General Thomas proffered to do this,) but to control elections. The expense of each regiment cannot be less than a million dollars a year, and Brownlow can call out eight or forty regiments if his insane vindictiveness is likely to be gratified thereby. The State militia election trick may cost the State ten or more million dollars a year.

RADICAL TAXATION UNJUST—TAXES SHOULD BE UNIFORM AND EQUITABLE.

Taxation shall be "equal and uniform throughout the State."—[Code of Tennessee, sec. 28.

"The Mayor and Aldermen may levy a tax, not exceeding the State tax, upon all the subjects of State taxation in the corporation."—[Code of Tennessee, sec. 1361.

THE LEGISLATURE IMPOSES FAR HEAVIER TAXES ON MEMPHIS THAN ELSEWHERE.

Sec. 15. Be it further enacted, That the Board of Mayor and Aldermen is authorized to increase the tax on tippling houses to two hundred and fifty dollars per annum; and in case of neglect or refusal, to increase it to at least one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, and the Board of Police Commissioners is hereby authorized to levy the said tax of not less than one hundred and fifty dollars, nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars; the same to be collected by the tax collector, as in other cases."

THE CONSTITUTION PROVIDES FOR THE INDEPENDENCE OF COURTS.

"The judges of the Supreme Court shall be elected by the qualified voters of the State at large, and the judges of inferior courts in the Legislative district may establish shall be elected by the qualified voters residing within the bounds of any district or circuit to which such inferior judges, either of law or equity, may be assigned, by ballot in the same manner that members of the General Assembly are elected."—[Const. of Tenn., sect. 3 art. 6.

In the face of this provision Brownlow has appointed Hawkins, Milligan and Shackleford Judges of the Supreme Court; and of inferior judges he has appointed Thos. R. Smith, (since resigned,) Thos. G. Smith, Wm. Hunter, Judge Sampson, W. P. Bond, John Sommers, J. L. Williams, Fielding Hurst, G. W. Waldron, R. R. Butler and Rogers, D. Campbell, Judge Harrison, John Huch Smith, Judge Campbell, M. M. Brian, Judge Tilman, and many others whose names we do not now recall. If any citizen is arrested by one of Brownlow's partisans, his case can only be tried by one of Brownlow's Judges—a Judge who holds his office by will of Brownlow. Of the Judges appointed by Brownlow, Fielding Hurst, R. R. Butler and Rogers are members of the Legislature, and thus constitutionally ineligible to appointment. There has not been as great an outrage on the constitutional liberty of hundreds of years as this despotic assumption by Brownlow of power to appoint all Judges.

TO THE COUNTRY PRESS.—The proprietors of the ADVERTISER are prepared to furnish a fine quality of printing ink, black and colored, at Eastern prices, for CASH. In ordering, let the kind of press used be stated. tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Young Lady Returning to her Country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends, in place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three, she really appeared but eighteen. Inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the *Circassian Balm*, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's toilet. By its use any lady or gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface soft, pliable and healthy, so clear, as to smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by mail or express on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARK & Co., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette St., Syracuse, N. Y.

The only American agents for the sale of the same.

Wonderful but True.

Madam Remington, the world renowned Astrologist and Somnambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and lifelike picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, etc. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information. Address, in confidence, Madame Gertrude Remington, P. O. Box 297, West Troy, N. Y.

Know Thy Destiny.

Madame E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and *by* the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, etc. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send, when desired, a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.

W. H. SELDEN, Virginia. J. W. WILLIAMS, Jr., Memphis. R. F. KNOX, Virginia.

SELDEN, WILLIAMS & Co.,

LUMBER DEALERS,

NO. 174 MADISON STREET,

ON THE BAYOU, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Commission Merchants or Contractors will find it to their interest to give us a call. We keep all kinds of

Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc., Etc

a1-4m

TO THE TRADE.

I WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE Merchants and Dealers in

Ale and Lager Beer,

Of my Superior Quality of this Beverage,

Which I can furnish at any part

WANTS.

WANTED—By two gentlemen, FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, in a private family. Address, stating terms, with reference, Box No. 67 Appeal office. jel5-3t

WANTED—A couple of A No. 1 cotton yard hands. Call at once at the Memphis Cotton Factory, or you can talk to them at the corner of Second and Union streets. S. A. McGINNIS, jel5-1 t 324 Poplar street.

WANTED—A good COOK—white or black woman—to go to Holly Springs, Miss. Good wages and permanent home to the right person. Apply at No. 47 Exchange street. jel5-1t

AGENTS WANTED.—For "The History of the War," by Hon. A. H. STEPHENS, and for "The Life, Letters and Speeches of Hon. Abraham Lincoln," by Henry Ward Beecher. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, 148 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A nice RESIDENCE on Beal street, south side, third door west of Orleans street, within one square of the Beal street cars. Rent reasonable. Possession given on the 1st of December. Apply at Alien House, corner Washington and Second streets; or to W. ALLEN, jel5-3t 231 Main street.

FOR RENT—Four nice Sleeping Rooms. Any one wanting a good and pleasant room can get one cheap by early application to FRANK SAUL'S LAUNDRY. No. 15 Jefferson street. jel5-3t

FOR RENT—A large and commodious WAREHOUSE, Exchange building, corner of Front and Jefferson streets. Possession given immediately. Apply to J. T. STRATTON or S. H. DURSCOMB, 328 Front street. jel5-1w

FOR RENT—If you want a neat COTTAGE with Are Rooms, in good repair, situated in a neat and healthy locality, call on or address, at Avery street, No. 23, without delay. jel5

FOR RENT—A HOUSE containing twelve rooms; suitable for a boarding house. No. 96 Main street, between Overton and Jackson. Apply to MRS. MULLENIX, jel 1w No. 45 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—A very convenient Gothic Cottage Dwelling House, with eight rooms, cellar and cistern, situated on the south side of Jefferson street extended, third house east of Lauderdale; also, the Furniture, ALL NEW, can be purchased on reasonable terms. Possession given first of May. Any person wishing to see the house and furniture can do so at the house. Terms made known by calling on me at 240½ Main street. [mar8-1w] E. WALLACE, Agent.

FOR RENT—STORES and OFFICES in Bethel's new brick, corner of South Court and Main streets. Apply in the building, of C. C. BETHELL, or R. P. WALKER, jr., in Room No. 1, 2 and 3. mar22

FOR RENT—Two new DWELLING HOUSES, nearly finished, with all modern conveniences, on Linden street, between Lauderdale and Orleans streets, in one of the most delightful locals and the most desirable part of the city; the street railroad running within a few steps of the door. Rent low. Inquire of J. J. LANNON, Real Estate Agent, mar15-tf No. 254 Front street.

FOR RENT—The back ROOM on south front of AVALANCHE building. Apply at AVALANCHE counting room. jel5

BOARDING.

BOARDING—For rent, with board, a large, airy, front room. Also, a single room, corner Second and Washington streets, No. 191. Apply on the premises, up stairs, to MRS. WHITE. jel5

BOARDING—A pleasant ROOM, with board for a gentleman and lady, at reasonable rates; also, a few day boarders can be accommodated. No. 394 Second street, between Jefferson and Beal streets. References exchanged. mar15tf

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—Three BRUNSWICK BILLIARD TABLES, in good order, all complete. Apply to MONSARRAT & MONTGOMERY, 22 Second street, Ayres' Block. jel5

FOR SALE—A desirable RESIDENCE, located on extension of Jefferson street. Apply to W. J. ROSS, ap22-1w At Memphis and Charleston Railroad Depot.

FOR SALE—A large, first-class, WATER-TANK, in good order. Apply at this office. mh31-tf

PERSONAL.

S. L.—If "Auld acquaintance" be not forgot, drop a note through Postoffice to JEANIE B. jel4

REWARDS.

$25 REWARD—Strayed from Kuntz & Co.'s, 91 Main street, a MALE MULE, between fifteen and sixteen hands high, with a white lines on left fore leg, two black spots on hind legs, mane trimmed short, tail not docked. The above reward will be paid to any person who will take the mule to the Horn Lake road. We will give the above reward on return of the mule. KUNTZ & CO., jel5-1w 91 Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE—At a meeting of the Corporators of the Memphis Mining and Manufacturing Company, held this day, it was resolved that the books be opened at the office of Messrs. Cunningham, Wicks & Malone, No. 184 Union street, for the purpose of receiving the subscriptions of the corporators to the capital stock of said company; and that they be held open for ten days from and after this date. W. WICKS, W. R. CUNNINGHAM, W. R. HUNT, jel4-10t Corporators.

NOTICE—An Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Life Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Memphis, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF JULY, at four o'clock p m., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year. BEN. MAY, jel2tuthsat Secretary.

MOTH AND FRECKLES—The only reliable remedy for those brown discolorations on the face called Moth, Patches and Freckles, is PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all druggists in Memphis and elsewhere. Price $1 per bottle. jel1-6m

$1,000 CASH will purchase a legitimate business in this city, established the last three years. It pays from three to four hundred dollars per month net profit, even in these dull times. Two hundred dollars per month will be cared in the Banks of Memphis during dull season. Reason for selling—sickness. I know you have the money and mean business, please do not trouble yourself. C. W. POOL, jan17 No. 99 Main street.

NOTICE—To the Creditors of Michael Garrity—I will apply to the Probate Court of Shelby county, at the regular term of said court, for letters of administration on the estate of Michael Garrity, deceased. jel5-3t MARTIN GARRITY.

NOTICE—All persons having claims against the estate of John Meehan, deceased, will present the same, authenticated in due form, for settlement or payment; and those indebted to the estate will come forward and make payment. CHARLES McKEHAN, jel5-1m&w2w Administrator, etc.

NOTICE—At the May term of the County Court, I obtained letters of Administration on the estate of SOCRATES MITCHELL, deceased. All creditors of the Estate are notified to file their claims, properly certified, with me, at my home, about two miles from Raleigh, on the Holly Spring Road, and all indebted to the Estate are notified to come forward and settle immediately. A. MADDEN. jel1-1w&w2w

NOTICE—All persons are cautioned against trading for a note drawn by Jas. L. Taffe and John E. Smith in favor of D. Sasser, dated March 31, 1867, as the conditions for which said note was drawn have not been fulfilled. JAMES L. TAFFE, JOHN E. SMITH. jel 6

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SENATOR—We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN W. SMITH as a candidate for re-election as Senator from Shelby and Fayette counties. apl6tc

FOR CONGRESS—We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN W. LEFTWICH as a candidate for re-election to Congress. apr15-tf

WEDNESDAY, : : : : : : : JUNE 19, 1867

WHILE the people of Memphis are quietly submitting to the usurpations of that intolerable nuisance, the Metropolitan Police, the people of Ohio are kicking the thing to the dogs. For party purposes the same system which grinds the taxpayer of Memphis, was established for the government of Columbus, Ohio. It was denounced as unconstitutional, and an appeal was taken to the courts for redress, and a few days since Judge GREEN, of the Common Pleas Court, rendered his decision in the matter of the city of Columbus against a so-called Board of Police Commissioners, asking an injunction to restrain the Commissioners from usurping and exercising powers in connection with the police. The decision was lengthy, clear and decisive, and terminated whatever doubt there may have existed in disinterested minds as to the entire unconstitutionality and illegality of that miserable partisan swindle known as the Metropolitan Police law. The injunction was granted, first on the ground that there was a defect in the machinery of the bill providing for the levy of taxes, because in that city there is no such officer as City Auditor, by whom those taxes were to be assessed; second, that there was no such officer as City Treasurer to receive taxes; and third, that there was no Police Judge such as was described by the act of the Legislature. That sagacious body seemed to have undertaken the task of legislating for the city of Columbus without understanding the commonest facts about the city or its government. Judge GREEN showed the unconstitutionality of the act by reference to the fact that it was in palpable violation of the provisions requiring laws to be general in their application throughout the State. And he also referred to the outrageous character of the 13th section of the bill which authorized a police superintendent to enter any man's house at any hour of the day or night, and, without warrant, arrest and search the owner thereof, upon suspicion—a provision which the Judge very properly characterized as not only contrary to the State and Federal Constitutions, but monstrous and abhorrent to all rational ideas of liberty. In all respects the law was detrimental to the city, calculated to greatly increase the burden of taxpayers, injure the business of the city, and produce confusion and disturbance in the municipal government; contrary to the letter and spirit of the Constitution, and therefore null and void.

When the people of Memphis who have aided in saddling upon our community this partisan swindle see how the measure has been repudiated by such a State as Ohio, they will reproach themselves for not crushing out this corrupt spawn of Radical hate. The Courts have everywhere decided the Metropolitan Police system as unconstitutional. It is used and intended here as a party machine—it is worthless and inefficient—there is more murder, robbery, vice and corruption than at any former period in the history of Memphis, and the Conservative taxpayer of Memphis is required to support this intolerable nuisance. Is there no way to test its constitutionality? Are our people slaves? Have they lost all pride? If the law of Ohio decides against this iniquitous measures, will not the Courts of Tennessee make the same decision. Nashville is free from the tread of the Metropolitan police, and cannot Memphis wash her hands of its corruption?

The Courts of New York have also declared the Metropolitan police system unconstitutional. In view of these facts, why will our people quietly submit to this usurpation? It is now nothing but a corrupt political engine. Its officers are blatant politicians who care nothing for the murder and theft that is disgracing our city, so they accomplish their party purposes. The officers of the Metropolitan police in this city attend all the public Radical meetings, and they endeavor to array the negroes against the whites by telling them that they have good cause to hate the men among whom they were raised, and that their only safety lies in implicitly trusting the Radicals. They covertly stir up suspicion when it is their sworn duty to preserve harmony, and all this that they and their hypocritical friends may ride into office on the backs of the negroes. They and their time-serving friends are extremely solicitous to give the negro the right to vote; but they are also equally careful to exclude them from any right to vote for one of their own color. These Radicals were very willing to get the negroes to vote them into office, but they are not willing to let the negroes themselves hold office. They want the negro votes, because these votes might put them in office, where they could fatten on the State, as in the case of the school fund; but they are very careful to keep the negroes from having any office. These are for the white Radicals only. We say they are stirring up bad blood between the races here. They are using their official position to do this, and their words will be remembered and yet stand in judgment against them. Their duty is to prevent discord—to promote harmony. Instead of this, they are breeding discord and exciting evil passions. No good man in all this city would deny the negro the political rights the laws give him, and when this political organization endeavors to make the negroes believe otherwise, it is nothing but a mischief breeder. Unfortunately, our city authorities are unable to remove it; but they have, at least, the right to rebuke its interference; and we trust some alderman will have regard enough for the dignity of the city to inquire by what right any of its members prostitute their positions to such base, jacobin uses as to be stirring up hate and discord between the two races at a time when all good citizens are deeply interested in there being constant and undisturbed harmony between them. Never before was the labor of the negro so much needed to develope that country which is *his* home as well as that of the white; and that man must be a demon as well as a knave who would incense the negroes against those who so much need their labor, and to whom the negroes exclusively look for employment.

FLOUR is coming from Europe to New York, and is sold there at lower figures than can be afforded by those who have Ohio and Western flour for sale. Populous, crowded Europe, feeding America! Is not this a lesson of wisdom to the South? Will our people heed it? It teaches two important facts. First, that the increase of the population of this country has been greater, for several years, than the increase in the production of food. During the war, all mechanical interests were stimulated at the expense of food; and the grain country has not yet settled down to its duties, and has not developed its marvellous capacities.

The second is, that if Europe can send food to America, the South should no longer look to the Northwest for that first necessary of life. It our people are too lazy to raise their own food, or too intent on raising cotton; and if they *will* buy, let them buy at the cheapest market; and let France send flour to New York, Charleston, Mobile and New Orleans. But it is a shame upon us that we will not provide for ourselves. Any other people under Heaven's sun would do it but us. We can raise all we need; yet buy all we want from strangers. If the North could raise sweet potatoes, we firmly believe our people would buy them from Cincinnati and St. Louis, rather than produce them. There seems to be more honor in patronizing somebody at a distance, than in being independent. We turn up our noses at domestic or home chickens, and patronize Yankee pullets, just to get Northern eggs. It is disgusting to see the absolute dependence our people have upon others for all their wants and comforts, most of which their own energies could supply.

The greatest blessing that could come to the South, would be the utter ruin of all prospects for a cotton crop this year; as we should then prove that we *can* raise food enough if we will; and we should always do it hereafter.

Messrs. James P. Barr & Co., of the Pittsburg *Post*, have been presented with a silver service as a memento for valuable services rendered the suffering women and children of the South. The present was from the members of the Southwestern Relief Commission, Louisville, Kentucky. There could not have been a more worthily bestowed memento. As long as time lasts and memory lives, this firm of noble gentlemen will have a deep, abiding and affectionate place in the Southern heart.

The growing of cotton in India is rapidly on the increase. It is shown that, in the five years preceding the American war, the average yearly value of cotton imported into England from India was £3,862,776. In the five succeeding years the average rose to £25,884,646. The quantity imported during the year 1866, the year just closed, is the largest known, amounting to 1,857,770 bales, worth upwards of £23,000,000.

Hon. Charles G. Wintersmith, of Hardin, says the Louisville *Courier*, has for some weeks been before the public as a candidate for Judge of the Common Pleas Court, to be organized in the Third District. Mr. W. is an erudite lawyer, and a gentleman well and most favorably known, not only throughout his district, but the State. No man could be found who would make a more prompt, efficient and capable Judge than Mr. W., nor one who is worthier of the honorable position. Judge Wintersmith, of whom every word of the foregoing is so well and truly said, is a brother of our genial and respected fellow citizen, Colonel R. C. Wintersmith.

At the Baptist General Association, held in Lynchburg last week, Mr. Reed stated that in many parts of the country the negroes have come to learn and manifest great interest about Africa, and in a recent interview with General O. O. Howard he was assured that all colored people who may wish to go to Africa will be sent free of cost to any part of Liberia. The Freedmen's Bureau will send them to any part of the United States, and the Colonization Society will take them to Africa.

An old lady living in a log house in Fairfield, Lenawee county, Michigan, having been long a subscriber to the New York *Tribune*, had papered the walls of the house with the old copies. Latterly she became disgusted with Mr. Greeley's conduct in the Jeff. Davis case, and determined to rid her premises of the souvenirs of her former confidence. So she set fire to the papers on the walls, and the consequence was that a neighbor, Mr. R. T. Miller, was badly burned in saving her life, and in a few minutes there was felt of her house but the bare blackened walls.

C. M. Davis, special Postal Agent, has been murdered by Indians on the North platte.

J. J. Phillips has been arrested at Richmond for the murder of Mary J. Pitts, some months ago.

Col. B. T. Pope, of Gadsden, has been appointed by General Swayne, Judge of the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of Alabama.

A child named Rachel Adams, died in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, on Saturday night, having been poisoned by tobacco given her by a boy.

Rev. Father Rupert has been consecrated Abbot for the province of Minnesota. He is thus made one of three mitred Abbots in this country.

Jesse Peacock, a well known citizen of Montgomery, Alabama, attempted unsuccessfully to commit suicide the other day, first by cutting his throat and then by drowning.

The trial of the Fenian Walsh and a number of his companions which has been in progress before the Special Commission in session at Limerick, has resulted in the conviction of all of the accused.

A few days since, Mr. Isaac Lichstentein, of Summit, Mississippi, was called to the gate of his house by a negro, who shot him through the breast, killing him instantly.

The largest amount of money that has ever been in the United States Treasury at one time since the organization of our Government, was in it on Saturday last—$180,000,000.

Mr. Wm. Swinton, of the New York *Times*, and author of "Campaigns of the Army of the Potomac," and the "Twelve Decisive Battles of the War," is in Chattanooga.

A negro man was killed near Jones' mill, in Madison county, Alabama, on the 11th, by Mr. Thomas Flippin, of that vicinity. We do not know any of the particulars.

A negro man was stabbed and killed in Trenton, Todd county, Kentucky, last Monday, by Samuel Brockman, who was drunk at the time. Brockman was released from the Nashville Penitentiary by Governor Brownlow, a short time ago.

Oil was struck Saturday, a week ago, seven miles from White Bluff, in Dickson county, Tennessee, near the line of the Nashville and Northwestern railroad, and was running at last accounts at the rate of twelve barrels per day.

The President of the Brewer's Convention, in session last week at Chicago, said in his opening speech, "that it was the desire and hope of every German that lager beer should become a national beverage in this country."

The husband of Mrs. Sophia Twitchell, of Norwich, Chenango county, New York, went to California thirteen years ago and was there murdered. The widow had the remains of her husband brought back to Norwich, where they arrived a few days since, finding Mrs. T. upon her death-bed. One grave received them both.

The Auditor gives official notice that the Interest on the Virginia State debt will be payable at the Treasury in Richmond on the first day of July next, the money now being in the Treasury to pay it. It is estimated that there will be a large surplus in the Treasury after the interest is paid. The Auditor also states that funds have been remitted to London to pay the interest maturing July 1.

Mr. Secretary of State Fletcher having, in his Cleveland speech, made some discreditable suggestions in connection with the fact that General J. D. C. Atkins borrowed a thousand dollars in gold from the State bank whilst its assets were in the Confederacy, that gentleman opened a correspondence, at Nashville, on the 18th, with the *distinguished* functionary, to know if he intended any personal reflection. The Secretary, after some hesitation, explains, and concedes that the accommodation was purely a business transaction.

On our first page will be found a reference to the killing of a negro Registrar, in Hale county, Alabama. The Montgomery *Advertiser* says politics had nothing to do with it. Webb, the deceased negro, walked into a store at Greensboro, and made some statement which was denied by some colored boys present. The store keeper, whose name we did not hear, interceded, sustaining the position of the boys, and his assertion was pronounced a d—n lie. He asked Webb if he knew who he was talking to. The negro replied that he did, a d—n son of a b—h. The store keeper drew a pistol, shot him, and as soon as he could arrange his papers left.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 18.

The weekly report of Dr. Harris shows the city to be in excellent health, but he mentions the public to take all precautionary measures to prevent epidemics from obtaining a foothold.

M. Rodisco, Secretary of the Russian Legation, has arrived with the Russian American treaty signed by the Czar.

Santa Anna is undoubtedly now in Mexico, for which country he left five weeks ago.

A translation of a pronunciamento, extracted from a Tampico paper, has been published, disavowing on the part of the garrison of Tampico all allegiance to the Juarez Government, and recognizing Santa Anna as the General-in-chief of the Mexican armies, and President, *ad interim*, of the Republic of Mexico. One paragraph of the pronunciamento protests against the action of Brigadier Clark, by which he had mortgaged the States of Tamaulipas and San Luis Potosi to the Government of the United States for $5,500,000. The whole affair looks very sensational.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, June 18.

The following has been received from Galveston dated the 16th:

There were dates from Queretaro to the 3rd instant, and Monterey the 7th.

A letter from San Louis the 3rd says a, telegram from Queretaro, dated the 3rd instant, says the trial of Maximilian was not concluded.

Sixty ladies of Queretaro, dressed in deep mourning, had called on Juarez and prayed for the life of Maximilian Juarez replied that he would do all he could compatible with justice, though many of the rebels had been shot and they had not interceded.

Two engagements at the capital had resulted in favor of the Republicans.

The Brownsville *Ranchero* says that *El Mexicano* of the 12th reports that Santa Anna was off Vera Cruz. It is also reported that Maximilian had asked a private interview of Juarez for the purpose of disclosing important State secrets.

Maximilian was convicted on the night of the third inst., and sentenced to be shot on the morning of the fourth inst., together with Miramon and Mejia.

Marquez, commanding the City of Mexico, had executed General Operoi, commanding the post, for treasonable correspondence with the Liberals.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 18.

The trial of Surratt was resumed to-day. The prisoner's brother, Isaac, occupied a seat beside him. Sergeant Joseph W. Dwyer was recalled, and interrogated at length as to his testimony before the Military Commission at the time of the assassination, and indorsed what he there said, and insisted upon its correctness. A strong effort was made to make the two statements appear contradictory. Daniel C. Read was then sworn.

Susan Allen Jackson, a negress, testified that Surratt was at her mother's residence in Washington, on the evening of the assassination, and identified the prisoner. James Singleton, the book keeper of the St. Louis Hotel, at Montreal, could not identify the prisoner. Mr. Bradley said that the defense would admit that Surratt was in Montreal on the sixth and nineteenth of April, 1865, and that he registered in the name of John Harrison, and that the name was in Surratt's hand writing.

Pierrepont said the prosecution was saved much evidence. A coat was then shown and identified as one similar to that worn by Harrison. The Court then took a recess until ten o'clock a.m. tomorrow.

DUBLIN, June 18.

One of the victims of the recent riot was buried at Waterford to-day. The funeral was the occasion of a great demonstration. A procession comprising over 50,000 attended, all wearing green emblems, and following the corpse to the grave.

LONDON, June 18.

In the Vice Chancellor's Court to-day, on demurrer in the case of the United States vs. Wagner, a decision was rendered in favor of the plaintiff.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, June 18—2 p. m.

Information has reached this city from Birmingham that the most intense excitement prevails, and further troubles are apprehended.

LONDON, June 18—Evening.

Consols closed at 94¼; Five-twenties, 73¾; Illinois Central, 78; Erie, 40.

LIVERPOOL, June 18—Evening.

Cotton closed quiet. Middling Uplands, 11⅜; Orleans, 11⅜; sales 8,000 bales. The Manchester markets for goods and yarns is buoyant. The Bank of Holland has reduced the rate of discount 2½ per cent.

LONDON, June 18—6 p.m.

At this hour the rioters are in full possession of the city of Birmingham, and all efforts to preserve peace proved futile.

A large and formidable anti-Popery riot prevails in Birmingham to-day. Two streets have been taken possession of and completely sacked by the rioters, who came out in great force, and present a very formidable appearance. A Roman Catholic chapel has been attacked, and threatened with destruction. Bodies of troops have been sent to the scene of the disturbance, with orders to put down the riot at all hazards, and stop further destruction of property.

He has also arrested 100 Liberal sympathizers, and threatens to execute them, and burn the capital, if Maximilian is shot.

Mejia selected Escobedo to act as his counsel, who refused to serve.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 18.

Cotton unchanged; sales 2000 bales; uplands, 27c. Flour heavy and lower; superfine State and Western, $6@10. Whisky quiet; Western, 26@26½ in bond. Chicago spring wheat, $2 80@2 90. Corn better; new mixed Western, $1 07@1 11. Oats in better demand. Rice firm. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm; Cuba, 11¾@11¾c; Havana, 11¾@11¾c. Molasses dull. Pork heavy; mess, $23 50@30 85.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, June 18.

Tobacco—lugs, $2 75@3; leaf, common, $7@11; fair, $15@25; sales, 300 hhds. Superfine flour, $8 50@9. Wheat—old, $2. Corn, delivered, 87@89. Oats, bulk, 69@70. Mess pork nominal, $21 50. Bacon—shoulders, 9c, packed; clear sides, 12½c. Prime lard in tierces, 12½@13¼. Raw whisky, $2 18@2 20, free. Cotton, 25c.

River stationary, with six feet two inches in the canal.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, June 18.

Flour, dull, and heavy drooping. Family, $11@12; fancy, $13@15. Wheat, firmer $2 45 for No 2 winter. Oats, firmer,—86c. Corn, unsettled,—held at 75c. Cotton, dull,—24c@25½c. Whisky, steady,—30c in bonds. Provisions, dull and nominal.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, June 18.

Cotton firm. Sales, 2,500 bales; low middling, 24½c. Receipts for three days, 1,311 bales, against 1,350 bales same time last week; exports for the same time, 2,429 bales. Choice Louisiana sugars, 14½c; choice Porto Rico, retailing, 12c; Cuba, 11¾c. Cuba molasses held at 47½@50c. Flour is too unsettled for accurate quotations. Sales of double extra at $11 25; treble extra, $14. Corn dull; mixed yellow, 85@95c; choice white $1@1 05. Oats dull, 70@75c. Pork dull and lower; asking, $23 50. Bacon, 10¾c; clear sides, 13c. Gold, 37¼. Sterling, 48@52½. New York sight ½@¾ premium.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Money easy and steady, at 5@6c for call loans; sterling unchanged; gold 37¾; Government stocks are without any decided change. Tennessee Bonds weaker, 67¾. Receipts at the Sub Treasury $1,524,903, including for customs $500,000, and gold notes $153,000. Payments $2,062,337. Balance, $133,506,807.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, June 18.

Tobacco, offerings large; lugs declined slightly; other grades unchanged. Cotton, quiet and nominal, twenty-four for middling. Hemp, steady. Flour, dull and drooping; XX $10@13; family $15@16. Wheat, $2 40@2 60; prime fall $2 70@2 75. Corn, dull; 80@92c. Oats, dull; 66@70c. Rye, quiet; $1@1 05. Provisions, dull and unchanged. Lard, nominal at 12@13c.

MARRIED.

Last evening, at St. Peter's Catholic Church, by the Rev Father Lilly, Colonel JOHN W. DAWSON to Miss KATE C. MAGVENEY, daughter of Eugene Magveny, Esq., all of this city.

A gallant soldier, whose chivalric bearing on many a hard fought field illustrated the valor of Tennessee troops in the late desperate struggle, has added to the fascinations of one of Memphis' fairest daughters and surrendered a captive to the only opponent that was ever able to subdue him. It is said that, "none but the brave deserve the fair," then, indeed, is this brave groom worthy of his fair bride. We wish them all the happiness that a sincere interest in their future can well conceive, and tender to both our congratulations upon an union so auspiciously begun, and which we hope will be as full of joy as it is of mirth.

The solemn rites are ended, and the vows
Are pledged before the priest and holy shrine;
To bless each other have their hands been join'd,
And now their steps, that erst bent far apart,
Will keep ode measure in a single path.
The holy man hath solemnly pronounced
The vows shall cease after he hat one,
And called on Heaven to signalize the rites.

Yesterday, June 18th, 1867, by Rev. Mr. Davis, Colonel JAMES MATHEWS and Mrs. SALLIE W. STRATTON, all of this city.

We take great pleasure in making this announcement, for although a vacancy is made in our social circle yet our friend's happiness is secured; and although we shall miss him much at our bachelor board, we shall live in the hope of enjoying many a happy hour in witnessing his domestic enjoyment and tranquility. He has made a most charming choice, and it is needless to wish him joy when he has so completely bewildered himself in the mazes of happiness.

Bright be the days before ye happy pair;
No cloud above you hang its folds of gloom,
But every hour bring something new and rare
To make your joys far richer in their bloom.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dissolution.

THE Law firm of McHENRY & HUBBARD is dissolved by mutual consent, dating from June 11, 1867. GEORGE T. HUBBARD, jel2-5t JOHN McHENRY.

Steam Engine Depots.

NORTHEAST corner Main and Margetts streets, St. Louis, Missouri; No. 60 South Canal street, Chicago, Illinois. Keep constantly on hand four, six, eight, ten, twelve, fifteen, twenty, twenty-five and thirty horse power Portable Engines. Also, Stationary Engines of all sizes. Call or write for circulars. H. M. AMES. jel2-3m

Butter! Butter! Butter!

By A. S. LEVY & CO., 350 Second street.

WE will sell THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock,
10 kegs Butter,
Furniture, Stoves,
Cigars, Feathers,
Clothing, etc.
A. S. LEVY & CO., jel9-1t Auctioneers.

Strayed or Stolen.

FROM the subscriber on the 8th ultimo, two Mules, above 7 Within Scales, Memphis and Charleston railroad; one heavy built dark bay mare, about fifteen hands high, ten years old, branded on the left shoulder, heavy mane and tail, a small notch near the upper eye lid, some white on nose and left hind foot. I will give twenty-five dollars reward for her delivery, or information that I may recover her. Address subscriber, Holly Springs, Miss. GEORGE M. MOORE. jel9 3tp

Alleghany Springs, Montgomery Co., Virginia.

THIS celebrated Watering Place having undergone thorough repairs and been furnished throughout every department with entirely new and first class furniture, will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 15th day of June.

The reputation of the water is so extensive and so firmly established that it is useless to enumerate the particular diseases for which it is a specific. The proprietors have endeavored to make it as attractive as any Watering Place in the mountains of Virginia.

Comfortable conveyances will meet each train at Shawsville for the conveyance of passengers to the Springs. The resident partner will be assisted in the management by a gentleman of experience, and no pains spared to render visitors comfortable. jel5tf&w2w U.A. COLHOUN, Agent.

TO THE TRADE.

I WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE MERchants and Dealers in

Ale and Lager Beer,

Of my Superior Quality of this Beverage,

Which I can furnish at any part of the City or Railroad Depot, FREE OF CHARGE, having made extensive Summer arrangements in this branch of my business. I would also call their attention to my fine stock of

LIQUORS,

Consisting of pure Robinson County Whisky, Bourbon Whisky Rye Whisky. Together with a complete stock of BAR STORES. JACOB STEINKUHL, jel5-2m 230 Third street, Library Building, North of Post Office.

PROCEEDINGS OF MEETING

TO

REMOVE CONFEDERATE DEAD

AT

Iuka, Mississippi, May 27, 1867.

AT a meeting of the citizens of Iuka, Tishomingo county, State of Mississippi, the Honorable J. D. Martin was called to the chair, and Professor T. J. Norcom to act as Secretary. The object of the meeting was stated to be the adoption of suitable measures for removing the remains of the Confederate dead interred at different places in the town, to one appropriate cemetery.

After some very appropriate and touching remarks by D. N. Cayce upon this topic, both of respect to the dead, to the feelings of their mourning friends, and to our town, Dr. J. A. Powell moved that a committee be appointed by the Chairman to report suitable resolutions embodying the best plan for carrying our intentions on the meeting. Whereupon the following gentlemen were appointed on the committee: Messrs. D. N. Cayce, R. W. Price, J. M. Oxnam, Dr. J. S. Bell, A. T. Mathews, Dr. J. A. Powell, J. C. Holeman, Colonel J. L. Moore and A. W. Fairerson.

On motion of Major Coman, the Chairman of the meeting was made chairman of the committee, and Colonel R. W. Price elected treasurer, to receive and disburse all funds raised for this purpose.

An adjourned meeting at 4 o'clock p.m., the committee reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we believe it to be the duty of all good citizens to respect their dead by giving a decent interment to their remains, and that the remains now scattered in Iuka at this time, whereas, there are about two hundred Confederate soldiers of whom four fifths are Mississippians, buried on private property near the hotel and at various places within the corporate limits of Iuka.

Resolved, That we desire to have them removed and interred in the Shady Grove Cemetery, near the southeast corner of the town of Iuka, already consecrated for a burying ground.

Resolved, That Dr. Wm. M. Wilson be, and is hereby authorized to superintend the removal of the dead to Shady Grove Cemetery as speedily as possible, according to the following specifications, viz: The remains of each one to be placed in a pine box, of suitable length, width and depth, made of new plank, with a head and foot board, and footboards bearing such inscriptions as he may obtain, to mark their final resting place.

Resolved, That the sum of one thousand dollars will be a fair and just consideration to be paid for said removal and interment, and that Dr. Wm. M. Wilson be and is hereby authorized to draw said amount by orders on the treasurer, or by collecting committee from the public in any manner most expedient to the committee of the meeting; and that all funds raised be first directed to the treasurer, Colonel R. W. Price, to be by him received and paid over to the said Wilson as fast as collected until the full amount of one thousand dollars has been paid for said work.

Resolved, That as the good citizens of Iuka have been very liberal in attending on the sick and wounded in hospital and burying the dead, that we solicit from our friends whatever pecuniary aid for defraying the expense of this work.

Resolved, That we regard Dr. Wm. M. Wilson a high toned Christian gentleman, and hereby cordially recommend him to the kind attention and consideration of all whom he may visit or communicate with in his effort to raise funds for this laudable purpose.

Resolved, That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be furnished to the Iuka, Memphis and St. Louis papers, with the request for publication.

Which are unanimously adopted.

J. D. MARTIN, Chairman.
T. J. NORCOM, Secretary. jel3

WM. ORGILL, EDMUND ORGILL. G. L. DENNISON A. S. McNEAL.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

Hardware, Cutlery, Nails and Castings, Iron Steel Tackle Blocks, Horse Shoes, Boat Spikes, French Window Glass, Garden Seed, Feed Cutters, Belting and Packing Horse Powers, Reaping, Mowing and Threshing Machines,

And everything pertaining to the HARDWARE and AGRICULTURAL TRADE, at their old stands,

No. 312 Front Street, Corner of Monroe, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE. jan15-1m

AUCTION.

Sales This Day.

Silks, Parasols and Umbrellas at Auction.

WE will sell THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at our Sales Room, 9 doors South of Court, Black Nails; also, Parasols and Umbrellas. ROTHER, TREZEVANT & CO. jel3-1t Auctioneers.

GREAT AUCTION SALE

AT

REID & BROTHER'S,

15 1-2 Jefferson Street.

THE largest stock of goods that has ever been offered at public auction in this city, embracing

FINE AND MEDIUM CLOTHING,

PIECE GOODS,

And a large assortment of FURNISHING GOODS.

Sale to commence at 3 o'clock p.m.

Will sell at private sale during the day. Come early and get your supply.

Store for rent and Fixtures for sale.

REID & BROTHER, jel3-2w 15½ Jefferson street.

A. S. LEVY & CO.,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

NO. 350 SECOND STREET,

Sales every day. Quick sales and prompt returns. jel4 2m

The Buntyn

HOMESTEAD LANDS

FOR SALE.

WE have the pleasure of placing on the market these very desirable and valuable lands, so well known to the community as the Homestead Tract of the late Leviathan Buntyn, Esq., situated at the first station on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, five miles east of the city. The improvements, with about twenty acres of land, have been recently sold to Robert F. Hill, Esq., who now lives upon the premises. The balance of the tract, consisting of about 300 acres, has been laid off in lots varying in size from five to ten acres, fronting upon broad avenues, and laid off so as to secure the greatest amount of comfort. The depot of the Memphis and Charleston railroad afford the opportunity of going in and out of the city, from and to Buntyn's Station, four times a day; so as to make it a delightful residence for those who do not care to live in the city itself.

This choice can now be had of lots wholly or part in original forest, or in field.

IN EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.

The executors are directed by the will to sell this place and invest in city property, and we will receive propositions to exchange for entirely improved or vacant lots in the city.

To all parties looking for a suburban residence, we do not think any property in the market can be found, in regard to health, convenience or good neighborhood, within the same distance from the city.

The terms will be made very liberal and easy, and the prices low to parties desirous of buying for speculation.

Plans of the subdivision will be shown at our office. ROTHER, TREZEVANT & CO. mar17-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of sale to me directed from the Law & Chancery Court of Memphis, in the case of Schmidt & Co., vs. Jacob Schumacher, I will, on the 27th day of June, 1867, offer and sell to the highest bidder for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., on the day of sale, at the storehouse of Charles Obermeier & Co., No. 302 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee, the following personal property, consisting of: Hats, trunks, boots, coats, vests, shirts, etc., a general assortment of furnishing goods, etc., levied on by me by attachment in the above entitled case as the property of the defendant Jacob schumacher.

By JAMES F. LANFORD, D. S. jel5-10t Sheriff of Shelby County. F. M. WINFIELD, Deputy.

Circuit Court of Shelby County.

Laura Grigsby vs. Henry Grigsby.

In this cause, it appearing to the Clerk, from the petition herein filed, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, it is ordered that publication, as by law required, be made in the Memphis Appeal, for four consecutive weeks, calling the defendant Henry Grigsby to appear before the next term of the Circuit Court, to be held at Memphis on the third Monday in September next, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the allegations therein will be taken for confessed and the cause set for hearing ex parte. Done at office June 14, 1867.

M. D. L. STEWART, jel5 1awtw Clerk and Master.

J. FLAHERTY, G. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE

Manufactures all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their FACTORY ON VANCE STREET.

Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture at LOW RATES.

ALSO,

General Undertakers,

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

WEDNESDAY, : : : : : : : : JUNE 19, 1867

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	10:30 P.M.	9:00 A.M.
Through Mail Daily	3:00 P.M.	1:10 P.M.
Accommodation ——— Daily	6:00 P.M.	6:00 A.M.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express	10:30 P.M.	9:00 A.M.
New Orleans Mail	3:00 P.M.	1:10 P.M.
Freight daily, except Sunday	3:00 P.M.	6:00 A.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	6:30 P.M.	9:30 A.M.
Night Express	6:30 A.M.	9:30 P.M.

Ticket office, 224 Main, corner of South Court street.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ The news of the City will be found on the first and third pages. ☜

Public Speaking in the Seventh Congressional District.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people of the Seventh Congressional District at the following times and places, viz.:

Troy, Monday, June 24.
Dyersburg, Wednesday, June 26.
Ripley, Friday, June 28.
Trenton, Monday, July 1.
Milan, Tuesday, July 2.
McKenzie, Wednesday, July 3.
Paris, Thursday, July 4.
Huntingdon, Saturday, July 13.
Red Mound, Monday, July 15.
Lexington, Tuesday, July 16.
Camden, Thursday, July 18.
Marlborough, Friday, July 19.
Jamieson's Mill, Weakley county, Wednesday, July 24.
Como, Henry County, Thursday, July 25.

ISAAC R. HAWKINS,
WM. P. CALDWELL.

To our Friends and Patrons on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

The reason the AVALANCHE don't reach you is because W. H. T. McEwen, the news agent who supplies you, owes us largely for papers supplied him from time to time, and won't pay us. We have to pay cash for the paper we send out, and must get cash in return. McEwen won't pay us, and we therefore stopped sending the AVALANCHE to him, and, as a matter of course, you can't buy them from his boys. We would suggest that you make up clubs and subscribe for the paper by the year, or else have appointed by the Railroad Company some active, stirring, reliable young man as news agent, who will not only take care of his own interests, but will not abuse the confidence reposed in him by others. We have written to President West, requesting the removal of McEwen, and patiently await his action.

Cumberland University, Lebanon Tennessee, now has eleven Professors; among them Lieutenant-General A. P. Stewart, A. M. and J. M. Safford, L. L. D. Next session opens the first Monday in September. For catalogues address B. W. McDonnold, D. D. President. tf.

We are determined to sell out the balance of our stock of dry goods and notions at still further reduction of prices.

SHLOSS & BRO.,
247 Main street.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—The case of Stillman, indicted for keeping a house of ill fame, occupied the attention of the Court yesterday, and will be resumed this morning.

A rare chance for country merchants to attend the great closing out sale of damaged goods at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

ED. WORKMAN, No. 22 Jefferson street, AVALANCHE building, has for sale all the late dailies, Wilkes' Spirit, New York Mercury, Merryman's, Nick Nax, Ladies' Friend, and Leslie's Ladies' Magazine for July,

All colors of bugle trimmings and gimp, in large variety, at Lindauer & Pollock's, No. 220 Main street. tf

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged goods, left at M. Kraus & Co., No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store, which must be sold within thirty days, regardless of cost or value. tf

CHANCERY COURT.—The calendar from number one hundred to two hundred was taken up yesterday, and the usual number of orders and decrees entered. Many of the cases were continued by consent. The hearing docket will be called to-day from number two hundred and one to three hundred.

Thirty spring hoop skirts, for only $1. Be sure to secure one at 220 Main street. tf

THE GRAVEST MALADIES OF YOUTH AND EARLY MANHOOD.—Howard Association Essays, on the physiology of the sexual system, and the causes, abuses and diseases peculiar to the first age of man, with reports on new methods of treatment employed in this Institution. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philadelphia Pa. 3m

Emmons & Son, No. 10 Jefferson street, have received Frank Leslie's Magazine for July, and Godey's Lady's Book for July. Waverly Magazine, Romanist, Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, Albion, Citizen, Corn Hill Magazine, Sunday Magazine, Nick Nax, Merryman's Monthly for July, and Scott's and West's patterns for 1867.

Whose dry goods store is that next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store? It is M. Kraus & Co.'s damaged stock, where you can buy dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., at your own price. Must be sold in thirty days. tf

MISSISSIPPI & TENNESSEE RAILROAD—CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.—The afternoon through express train, will, beginning to-day, leave at 6 p. m. instead of 4:45 p. m. as heretofore.

We will positively sell our stock of dry goods cheaper than any other house in the city.

SHLOSS & BRO. 247 Main street.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Yesterday the jury empanneled in the case of Robert Wardlow returned a verdict of not guilty. The cases set for trial to-day are:

State vs. George R. Wade, larceny.
State vs. Wilson and John Goode, burglary.
State vs. Wm. Cole, larceny.

Call at Lindauer & Pollock's, 220 Main street, and examine stock, and satisfy yourself that goods are sold lower than those who advertise to sell at cost. tf

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, are still left, and must be sold regardless of cost or value, within thirty days, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

ADVANTAGES TO TRADE.—Jacob Steinkuhl, who keeps a large stock of fine wine, spirits and malt liquors at his store, in the Library Building, on Second street, invites those who desire to procure first rate liquors to give him a call. He will sell as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

We are selling our best berages (all colors) at 20@25 cents per yard.

SHLOSS & BRO.,
247 Main street.

THE FRANKLIN JOB PRINTING OFFICE, on West Court Street, is turning out some of the most perfect and beautiful work we have seen in this city. Everything is new and complete about the office, the prices are uniform and reasonable, and only the best workmen are employed. The proprietor is an old and esteemed citizen, a thorough master of his art, and conscientiously fulfils every contract to the letter. The Franklin is one of the best offices in the great valley.

The best prints in America 12½c and 15 cents per yard.

SHLOSS & BRO.,
247 Main street.

Fine bleached domestic, yard wide, 15 cents per yard; brown domestic, 10 cents per yard; fine lawns, 20 cents per yard.

SHLOSS & BRO.,
247 Main street.

All freight shipped by Southern Express Company from New York, via Lynchburg, Virginia, to Memphis, delivered in sixty-seven hours.

We have just taken up stock and reduced it 25 per cent. less than we have been selling recently. Call and examine for yourself.

SHLOSS & BRO., 247 Main street,
Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

Bleached and brown domestics as low as any in the city, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 220 Main street. tf

ADOLPH BERTON, *Ice Cream Saloon, Confectionery and Bakery, Corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.* Mr. Berton has, in his establishment, a splendid ice cream saloon for ladies and families. He also furnishes families with ice cream put up in ice, from a quart up. The proprietor is a master hand of fresh candies, bread and cake, all of his own, manufacture, constantly on hand. 1w

A VERY GOOD AND CONVENIENT STAMP.—Those who desire to get a really good little stamp can find nothing that will give such satisfaction as Hudson's patent, ribband cancelling press die and dates. It by very slight changes prints the correct day of the month and year. It requires no handling of type, no bother with ink, and it costs only twelve dollars. It is sold by R. H. Singleton, Nashville.

There is not a store in the city that has a better stock of dress goods, or selling cheaper, than Lindauer & Pollock, 220 Main street. tf

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—On the 1st of July next I will issue distress warrants against all persons who fail to pay their taxes for the fortieth corporate year. Parties in arrears for taxes will save themselves this annoyance and expense by calling at the office and paying their taxes, as the law will be strictly enforced against delinquents.

JOHN H. BOWEN,
City Tax Collector.
MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 18, 1867. 2w

Twenty-five thousand dollars' worth of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., must be sold within thirty days, regardless of cost or value, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. Country merchants, citizens and planters attend this great closing out sale to secure great bargains. tf

A rare chance for citizens, country merchants and planters to secure great bargains in dry goods, boots and shoes, clothing, etc., damaged by the late fire at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

Corsets, only fifty cents a pair, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 220 Main street.

A GLIMPSE AT THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Impressions from Ten Minutes' Observation.

A good deal may be learned from ten minutes observation of our Board of Aldermen. It is the duty and interest of every citizen to know that much of the men into whose hands the Legislature has confided the welfare of Memphis. A brief study of the City Fathers will pay, and it should be fairly pursued. The partisan feelings of by gone political contests, and the personal prejudices that tend to give undue prominence to one member of the city government, or to undervalue the public services of another, should have no influence in estimating the character of the present officials. Let the fact go by. What sort of public servants are our Aldermen? What impressions did we get of them from ten minutes' observation yesterday?

They seem to make newer appeals to popular feeling, and to care less for present public opinion than most of their predecessors. They seem a working body, anxious to do well for Memphis, and to win future regard. They seem as if deeply impressed with the rough road that has to be traveled, but hopeful that Memphis credit and prosperity can be secured. They are not a jolly body. Passmore likes a sarcastic joke, but Amis and Hulbert are the only men who seem really to enjoy fun. The leading talkers are Townsend, Lynn, Smith and Wickersham. Mr. Townsend is one of the ablest members of the Board. He never talks unless he has something to say. One of the oldest commission merchants in the city, he has public spirit, a decided character, and some experience in public business. A strong, independent man, who has won the confidence of the Board, and of the public generally, he is considered the especial guardian of the city treasury. Next to him sits the only Radical member of the Board, Dr. A. T. Shaw, who has, by his urbanity of manner and his good sense in relation to public measures, secured a larger share of respect and confidence than perhaps any other Radical in Memphis could have gained. Dr. Shaw is an able and has been a useful member of the Board, and is liked. Henry J. Lynn is one of the clearest headed members of the Board, a young man who has liberal views and generous impulses. He is perhaps the best debater among the City Fathers, and is regarded as singularly disinterested in his course. W. H. Passmore is an impulsive, energetic gentleman, who seems to like a tilt at the hobbies of his associates. He is a faithful and efficient Alderman. Hans Lemon is an excellent representative of the honest, well meaning, sensible and public spirited working men of Memphis. A plain man, he aspires not to oratory; but he makes as few mistakes in reference to men and measures as any member of the Board. T. O'Donnell is a quiet, firm thinking man, who has great regard for popular rights and interests. His side is Jules Holst, another quiet, firm and useful Alderman, who rarely speaks at all, and just as rarely votes erroneously. The keen but not ill-natured looking R. P. Rolling comes next in the circle, and is regarded as a fair minded, useful man. Lewis Amis, the burly giant, who laughs heartily even at jokes upon himself, and is by no means a clear talker or debater, is a man of sound sense, who takes a great interest in public improvements. Thos. O. Smith, jocularly designated the Cicero of the Board, is second to no member in public spirit and desire to do his duty faithfully, and he makes a very useful Alderman. E. W. Wickersham is one of the three deepest members of the Board. He has not had a great deal of experience in public business, but is a gentleman of good sense, who tries to be useful to the people of Memphis. Less urbane than Dr. Shaw, with whom on many questions he fraternizes, he is not so popular, but has no less the respect of the Board. Marcus E. Cochran, a lumber merchant, a steady, quiet, calculating, sensible man, has great influence in committees, but is not addicted to speaking in the Board. Dr. G. D. Johnson is a little fussy, but is a high minded gentleman, who has served the public faithfully for a long time. He would not be fitted for trying emergencies, but is a very sensible and useful Alderman. Henry Hulbert is an admirable chairman. He relishes a joke, is clear, polite and genial, and is as far seeing as any member of the Board. John Glancy, honest John Glancy, the popular representative of Pinch, is a warm hearted man, whose sympathies are always with the working classes and the poor, and who has good sense in relation to public measures. J. J. Powers, clear, unassuming, generous and public spirited. Not much of a debater, but a man who has the merit of always wishing to do right, and the good sense generally to know how to do it.

Those were the aldermen who yesterday sat in the City Hall. They have their foibles, their faults, their weakness; but Memphis has reason to be thankful that her aldermen are so sensible, public spirited and anxious to do their duty. We might have more powerful, more pretentious city fathers. They are all business men—all men who have some interest in the welfare of our city. Fast men might cut a greater dash, but would scarcely legislate so well for municipal interests.

SPEECH ON FRIDAY NIGHT.

Let Every One Turn Out.

Nunn Invited to be Present.

John W. Lofwich, Conservative candidate for Congress, will address the people of Memphis at the Greenlaw Opera House, on next Friday night, at eight o'clock. Mr. Nunn, his Radical competitor, has been invited to be present.

THE ASBURY CHURCH FESTIVAL.

The Crowd Increasing.

The fair ladies who manage the festival in Stillman block, are each day adding to it some new attraction, some new feature of taste, and grace, and beauty. The hall is very handsomely fitted up, so handsomely, indeed, that Asbury festival is not likely to have many rivals. There are a dozen magnificent prizes for those who like such things, and cheaper enjoyments for those whose impecuniosity is a bar to lavish expenditures. The prevailing characteristic of this festival is its genial, social character, and an hour can be well spent in patronizing it. The liberality of the ladies of Asbury chapel in aiding the festivals gotten up by others for good or benevolent purposes, should now insure liberal patronage to this first fair of the Asbury chapel people.

LECTURE FOR THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.—General Chalmers did not lecture on the "Break of Day" last evening. He didn't do so. He never said he would. It was somebody's guess. He explained this, said he didn't ordinarily rise in season to lecture well on the breaking of the physical day, and didn't see much political indication of day breaking, except it was from the adage that the darkest hour is just before day. General Chalmers, having made this explanation, spoke eloquently upon the duty of obedience to law. He traced the origin of law and legal obligation in a manner that would have been on the whole satisfactory to Blackstone. His sketch of American legal history and his views of present duties were ably and eloquently expressed.

WHAT WILL COME OF IT?—William Penn, who won ten acres or the White tract on the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad, proposes to lease it to any German or other gardener for a term of years at a nominal rent, provided the lessee will convert the tract into a perfect market garden. As shown by the report of Colonel Magevery, Judge Morgan, Messrs. Merriweather, Compton, Neale and others, commissioners, the Southern Asylum distributed property to the amount in value of nearly or quite $20,000, among purchasers of tickets to the amount of $17,000, (seventeen thousand dollars). The result of this distribution of lands is seen in the proposition of Mr. Penn. Property which costs the owner only five dollars may be leased very cheaply, in order that its value may be duplicated. There will be many idle people in the city drawn into the country, and the cost of living will be lessened by every garden that is cultivated. People of Memphis pay more for table supplies than those of any other city, and for the reason that there are few gardens along our railway lines.

NOT CERTAIN WHICH WILL TURN UP JACK.—It is reported that M. T. Ryder, Esq., who was nominated by the Brownlowites for Representative, is carefully considering what his chances are for getting the fat place of Sheriff by and by. If he concludes he can't get the Sheriffalty, he will continue to go in for Representative. If he thinks he can get to be Sheriff, he won't want to bother about getting to be Representative. In either case he should imitate Dailey, who expects to secure the wharfmastership by "practising on the negroes" at preaching. It would be funny if Hepburn should secure in Iowa the nomination to a fat place, and Ryder should make up his mind to make a grab at the Sheriffalty. The Brownlow party would once more have anxious travel to find popular candidates for Representatives. Richards, the last rose of Radicalism, would be left blooming alone. Another convention would have to be called. There would be another fracas between Ryder and Hepburn. Either man, Bierbour Lewis would have once more to drum up his colored stipendaries, and socially hob nob with them at grog shop bars.

Official Drawing of the Missouri State Lottery.

CLASS 387, DRAWN JUNE 15, 1867.

18, 26, 14, 17, 52, 54, 9, 13, 16, 47, 28, 75, 61, 63.

CLASS 388, DRAWN JUNE 15, 1867.

26, 63, 54, 6, 74, 26, 65, 76, 3, 52, 50, 43, 15.

This lottery is drawn twice each day. Over $100,000 in prizes is paid each day. It is the only lottery in which the prizes are all cash. It has been drawn for over fifty years. Tickets cost from twenty-five cents to twenty dollars. It is the only lottery in which you can get a ticket with any number on it you wish. Call or send for a circular.

GEO. W. VAN VOST,
Southern Agent,
20 Jefferson street and 22 Gayoso street.

A Home for Mr. Davis.

To the People of the South: The Ladies' Davis Association of Mississippi was organized at the capital September 20th, 1866 for the purpose of receiving means for the family of ex-President Davis. A sufficient sum has been realized to meet present necessities. The work of love and duty which this Association proposes is raising funds for the purpose of purchasing a home for Mr. Davis in Mississippi. To effect this purpose it is necessary to appeal to the people of the Southern States for pecuniary assistance to organize associations in each of the States for the furtherance of the cause. The Association pledges its honor to the people of the South to apply faithfully the funds which may be contributed.

Contributions from all the States urgently solicited. They may be remitted to J. & T. Green, First National Bank, Jackson, Miss. All donations will be acknowledged by the Secretary.

MRS. GOV. R. G. HUMPHREYS, President.
MISS SUE H. ADAMS, Secretary.
JACKSON, MISS. May 15, 1867. tf

A FESTIVAL OF RARE ATTRACTIVENESS.

Festoons of Evergreen, and Beauty Robed in Gaudiness.

The festival of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church is all that it should be—all that it was intended to be. The festival of evergreens, the perfume of its beautiful bouquets; the tasteful arrangement of its tables; their bounteous supplies of cakes and ice cream and berries, and other things that gratify all palates; and then the air of elegance and refinement that pervaded the place, and made the fair proprietresses seem a little prettier and nicer than ordinary world's people, made this festival all it should be—all that it was intended to be. Yet about it lurked no alarming dangers—no terrible risks of losing piles of greenbacks. Its simple enjoyments cost but a trifle. A little from each of its patrons will yield all the fund that is needed to carry out the purposes of its originators. No exciting and costly voting; no lavish outlay is needed. A call, the eating of a plate of berries, the partaking of other delicacies, at trifling cost, is all that is required. We are pleased that the remembrance of what the ladies of the Cumberland church did for the needy soldiers, is inducing their friends to make donations to the festival. Captain King, of the steamer Gleaner, has the thanks of the ladies for a handsome cake. Mr. Cockrell, Mr. Specht, and Mr. Rocco are thanked for similar favors, as also is the popular Captain Musselman. The crowd increased last evening, and we expect a full house to-night, if the weather is favorable.

ITEMITAS.

Bill Young is under arrest for beating his wife.

A colored Conservative barbecue is proposed.

Henry Woods was drowned on Monday.

The Confederate and Eagle base ball clubs play a match to-day on the Confederate's grounds.

John Welsh, a reputed confidence man, was on Monday arrested for vagrancy.

Attorney General Wallace was fined $20 and Mr. Philp $11.

A bet of $500 upon a fellow swimming across the Mississippi and back is upon the tapis.

There are sixty-three soda water fountains on Main street.

Henry Hall is under arrest for stealing three hundred dollars from Mrs. White.

John Polens had his skull cracked with a base ball bat in the hands of another black fellow.

Johnny Marsh is under arrest for burglary at the house of Mr. Clapp, on Monroe street.

A falling brick cracked the skull of Ned Murphy. It fell from Mr. Craig's house.

A small fire occurred at the house of Mr. Black, on Third, near Exchange street. Damage $600.

John Price is charged with embezzling $400 from Bevins, Flint & Co.

Ed. Fisher, a little boy, was badly burned by pulling a lamp over upon himself.

Colonel Moses White, of this city, was in Nashville on last Sunday.

The great concert by the young ladies of St. Agnes Academy will come off this evening.

Mark Sanders is charged with stealing four reolvers from Henry Morrison, and John Lake with stealing $400 from Mr. Lynch.

A number of gamblers at places that didn't pay up their black mail to the detectives were gobbled by the police on Monday night.

It is proposed that the bricks taken up from the gutters to make way for the Nicholson pavement, shall be given to certain colored Radicals.

John Dennison was on Monday accidentally shot in the hip by a gun in the hands of Henry Miller.

Bob Wardlow, the leader of Wardlow's band, was tried yesterday and acquitted of the charges against him.

Jim Risley is charged with stealing five hundred dollars worth of clothing from Madden & Co., Front Row.

John Duffy shot a mule that was trespassing on his lot. It belonged to Mike Harder, who had Duffy arrested.

Dan Jefferson shot Pat Joyce on Monday night for saying improper things about his (Jefferson's) wife. Joyce was not much hurt.

It is hoped that there will be liberal donations sent to Dr. Wm. Wilson, who has charge of taking up and properly reinterring the dead at Iuka and Corinth.

John Donovan, Esq., left last evening for the North and East, on business connected with the new iron company.

The Young Men's Moral and Literary Society will give an exhibition on Thursday night, in the Central Methodist church on Union street.

A young lawyer, who had written to a young lady in Iuka, something to the prejudice of another young lawyer, was made to Monday, to back square down, and with a letter to that effect.

Some boys who went swimming in Wolf river, yesterday, had their clothes stolen and had to wait till day before they could get clothes in which to go home.

Those who go out to-morrow morning by the eight o'clock train on the Memphis & Ohio Railroad to hear Mr. Etheridge speak at Humboldt, will enjoy a rare treat.

A concert is proposed for the benefit of a very worthy musical professor, who has on all occasions given his aid when similar benefits were tendered to his brother artists.

A number of our railroad superintendents are in attendance at the great Louisville Railroad Convention, the object of which is the making arrangements for fast time and close connections between Mobile, New Orleans and Louisville.

Some malicious or mischievous person placed powder in the pipe of a stove in the coffee and cake stand of Gottleb Wolf, at the Poplar Street Market, and quite an explosion took place. Nobody hurt.

A Nashville paper says: "Our old friend Joseph Trabue, now a citizens of Memphis, was in the city yesterday, and goes from here on a voyage to Europe, and before his return will visit the Paris Exposition.

To-day the children of Grace Church Sunday school are to have their picnic—postponed from Saturday last on account of the rain. Parents and friends are cordially invited to attend. The ground selected is a beautiful grove at the intersection of Vance street and the Pigeon Roost road, and about three hundred yards from the terminus of the Beale street railroad.

A letter from New York, published in a Radical paper, threatens that if the colored people of Tennessee vote against Brownlow and his crew, the right to vote shall be taken from the colored people in the more Southern States. This is Radical sympathy for colored people—this is Radical regard for the assured right of colored people to vote. If they vote Radical, they shall vote. If they don't vote Radical then the Radicals want to deprive them of the right to vote at all.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, held on Tuesday, June 18, 1867—present—Hon. Wm. Wilson, Mayor, Chairman Hulbert, Aldermen Powers, Glancey, Johnson, Lynn, Rolling, Holst, Shaw, Townsend, Lemon and Passmore. Absent—Wickersham and Cochran.

A quorum being announced, the Chairman took his seat, and called the Board to order, when the roll of Aldermen was called and the minutes of the two preceding meetings read and approved.

MAYOR'S MESSAGE.

The following message was received from the Mayor:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 18, 1867.

Gentlemen of the Board of Aldermen:

I regret that I have to return, without my approval, the ordinance passed by you at your last meeting, requiring the side walks of Main and other streets to be widened.

Believing that the property holders will not favor the change in the side walks, I will only remark that the cost of the change is too great to be imposed at this time on either the city or the property holders.

I have consulted with many of the latter, and am convinced that the property owners on the streets named in the ordinance are almost unanimously opposed to the change as proposed.

Respectfully submitted,
W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

CITY ATTORNEY.

The following report was read to the Board:

To Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

I have to report that the cases known as the "City Offices cases" have been tried by the supreme Court at its recent session at Jackson, and decided favorably for the City and three officers elected by the present Board.

The Court held that, with the expiration of the Board for the 40th corporate year, ended the terms of the offices elected by that Board, and that the present Board rightfully re-elected the three officers.

The Court held that all the terms of the officers elected by the present Board, and whose terms of office expire on the first Monday in June, 1868, and between Market and Union streets, and between Main and Front streets, and between Market and Union streets, and between Second and Front streets, are extended to the first Monday in June, 1869.

Very respectfully submitted,
R. J. MORGAN, City Attorney.

BOND ELECTION.

Hon. W. O. Lofland, Mayor:

The following is the result of the election held Saturday, 15th inst., in accordance with your orders:

NO. 5 ENGINE HOUSE.

For Bonds	209
No Bonds	16

ADAMS STREET ENGINE HOUSE.

For Bonds	219
No Bonds	20

NO. 6 ENGINE HOUSE.

For Bonds	120
No Bonds	15
For Bonds	94
No Bonds	80
Majority for Bonds	200

C. T. SMITH, S. A. A.

June 18, 1867.

A requisition from the City Engineer for books, etc., was made and granted.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Upon the petition of A. F. Morgan, asking a refundment of money paid to city license, the report of the committee was adopted, and the money ordered to be paid.

Upon the petition of Attorneys for Collins' Chapel, proposing to make a grant for damages, the report of the committee was adopted, and was adopted by the Board by the following vote:

Ayes—Powers, Johnson, Lemon, Wickersham, Smith, Lynn, Rolling, Holst, Shaw, Townsend, Lemon and Passmore.

Nays—Glancey.

On the petition of the Attorneys for the Trustees of Collins' Chapel, praying for relief, the committee report in favor of donating the brick on the corner of Gayoso and Poplar streets, for the rebuilding of this church, and that the city also donate the materials of the old church, after the building and shingles, same not to cost over $500 in scrip, and that the other is to be in full settlement of all claims.

Upon the petitions of F. Shumacker and Jamison & Brother, asking a reduction of license, the report of the committee was adverse, and was approved by the Board.

Upon a petition of the Gayoso Gas Company, asking part pay for printing, the report of the committee was that the Mayor be authorized to make the settlement, and was approved by the Board.

Upon the petition of Rents, asking a settlement of an account, the report of the committee was, that the Mayor be authorized to settle the same, and was approved by the Board.

COMMITTEE ON ACCOUNTS.

The Committee submitted the accounts of Mr. Tipton-Dowell and Wickersham—Committee, composed of Townsend, Shaw and Wickersham:

ORDINANCE COMMITTEE.

The following ordinance was submitted by the Committee and passed first reading, and referred.

By it Ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

SECTION 1. That a tax of sixteen dollars and sixty-five cents ($16 65) per foot front, and the same is hereby levied and assessed on all lots and parts of lots fronting on Front street, from Market to Union.

SEC. 2. That a tax of five dollars and fifty cents ($5 50) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed on all lots and parts of lots fronting on each side of Main or First alley from Market to Union street.

SEC. 3. That a tax of five dollars and sixty-seven cents ($5 67) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed upon all lots and parts of lots fronting on both sides of Second alley between Market and Union street.

SEC. 4. That a tax of three dollars and seventy-five cents ($3 75) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed upon all lots and parts of lots fronting on both sides of Third street, from Market to Union.

SEC. 5. That all the taxes levied by the above sections shall be paid in thirty, sixty and ninety days from the passage of this ordinance, in three equal installments, and if any one of the installments be not paid when due, then the whole of the installments shall become due and payable as before provided for;

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

WEDNESDAY, : : : : : : : JUNE 19, 1867

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	10:30 P.M.	6:30 A.M.
Accommodation Daily, except Sunday	1:30 P.M.	2:00 P.M.
Somerville Accommodation Daily	1:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express	1:45 P.M.	2:00 P.M.
New Orleans Mail	2:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Friendship Accom. except Sunday	3:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Friendship Accom. except Sunday	9:00 P.M.	9:00 A.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	10:30 P.M.	7:30 A.M.
Night Express	1:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M.

Ticket office, 224 Main, corner of South Court street.

LOCAL NEWS.

☞ The news of the City will be found on the first and third pages. ☜

Public Speaking in the Seventh Congressional District.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people of the Seventh Congressional District at the following times and places, viz.:

Troy, Monday, June 24.
Dyersburg, Wednesday, June 26.
Ripley, Friday, June 28.
Trenton, Monday, July 1.
Milan, Tuesday, July 2.
McKenzie, Wednesday, July 3.
Paris, Thursday, July 4.
Huntingdon, Saturday, July 13.
Red Mound, Monday, July 15.
Lexington, Tuesday, July 16.
Camden, Thursday, July 18.
Marlborough, Friday, July 19.
Stevenson's Mill, Weakley county, Wednesday, July 24.
Como, Henry County, Thursday, July 25.

ISAAC R. HAWKINS,
WM. P. CALDWELL.

To our Friends and Patrons on the Mississippi Central Railroad.

The reason the AVALANCHE don't reach you is because W. H. T. McEwen, the news agent who supplies you, owes us largely for papers supplied him from time to time, and won't pay us. We have to pay cash for the paper we send out, and must get cash in return. McEwen won't pay us, and we therefore stopped sending the AVALANCHE to him, and, as a matter of course, you can't buy them from his boys. We could suggest that you make up clubs and subscribe for the paper by the year, or else have appointed by the Railroad Company some active, stirring, reliable young man as news agent, who will not only take care of his own interests, but will not abuse the confidence reposed in him by others. We have written to President West, requesting the removal of McEwen, and patiently await his action.

Cumberland University, Lebanon Tennessee, now has eleven Professors; among them Lieutenant General A. P. Stewart, A. M. and J. M. Safford, L. L. D. Next session opens the first Monday in September. For catalogues address B. W. McDonnold, D. D. President. tf.

We are determined to sell out the balance of our stock of dry goods and notions at still further reduction of prices. SHLOSS & BRO.,
9t 247 Main street.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—The case of Stillman, indicted for keeping a house of ill fame, occupied the attention of the Court yesterday, and will be resumed this morning.

A rare chance for country merchants to attend the great closing out sale of damaged goods at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

ED. WORSHAM, No. 22 Jefferson street, AVALANCHE building, has for sale all the late dailies, Wilkes' Spirit, New York Mercury, Merryman's, Nick Nax, Ladies' Friend, and Leslie's Ladies' Magazine for July,

All colors of bugle trimmings and gimp, in large variety, at Lindauer & Pollock's, No. 209 Main street. tf

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged goods, left at M. Kraus & Co., No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store, which must be sold within thirty days, regardless of cost or value. tf

CHANCERY COURT.—The calendar from number one hundred to two hundred was taken up yesterday, and the usual number of orders and decrees entered. Many of the cases were continued by consent. The hearing docket will be called to-day from number two hundred and one to three hundred.

Thirty spring hoop skirts, for only $1. Be sure to secure one at 209 Main street. tf

THE GRAVEST MALADIES OF YOUTH AND EARLY MANHOOD.—Howard Association Essays, on the physiology of the sexual system, and the errors, abuses and diseases peculiar to the first age of man, with reports on new methods of treatment employed in this Institution. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 3m

Emmons & Son, No. 10 Jefferson street, have received Frank Leslie's Magazine for July, and Godey's Lady's Book for July. Waverly Magazine, Romanist, Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, Albion, Citisen, Corn Hill Magazine, Sunday Magazine, Nick Nax, Merryman's Monthly for July, and Scott's and West's patterns for 1867.

Whose dry goods store is that next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store? It is M. Kraus & Co.'s damaged stock, where you can buy dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., at your own price. Must be sold in thirty days. tf

MISSISSIPPI & TENNESSEE RAILROAD—CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.—The afternoon through express train, will, beginning to-day, leave at 6 p. m. instead of 4:45 p. m. as heretofore.

We will positively sell our stock of dry goods cheaper than any other house in the city.
9t SHLOSS & BRO. 47 Main street.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Yesterday the jury empannelled in the case of Robert Wardlow returned a verdict of not guilty. The cases set for trial to-day are:

St. George R. Wade, larceny.
Wm. R. Wilson and John Goode, burglary.
Wm. Jones, larceny.

Call at Lindauer & Pollock's, 209 Main street, and examine stock, and satisfy yourself that goods are sold lower than those who advertise to sell at cost. tf

Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, are still left, and must be sold regardless of cost or value, within thirty days, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

ADVANTAGES TO TRADE.—Jacob Steinkuhl, who keeps a large stock of fine wine, spirits and malt liquors at his store, in the Library Building, on Second street, invites those who desire to procure first rate liquors to give him a call. He will sell as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

We are selling our best berages (all colors) at 20@35 cents per yard. SHLOSS & BRO.
9t 247 Main street.

THE FRANKLIN JOB PRINTING OFFICE, on West Court street, is turning out some of the most perfect and beautiful work we have seen in this city. Everything is new and complete about the office, the prices are uniform and reasonable, and only the best workmen are employed. The proprietor is an old and esteemed citizen, a thorough master of his art, and conscientiously fulfils every contract to the letter. The Franklin is one of the best offices in the great valley.

The best prints in America 12½c and 15 cents per yard. SHLOSS & BRO.,
9t 247 Main street.

Fine bleached domestic, yard wide, 15 cents per yard; brown domestic, 10 cents per yard; fine lawns, 20 cents per yard. SHLOSS & BRO.,
9t 247 Main street.

All freight shipped by Southern Express Company from New York, via Lynchburg, Virginia, to Memphis, delivered in sixty-seven hours.

We have just taken up stock and reduced it 25 per cent, less than we have been selling recently. Call and examine for yourself.
SHLOSS & BRO., 247 Main street,
9t Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

Bleached and brown domestics as low as any in the city, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 209 Main street. tf

AUGUST BERTON, *Ice Cream Saloon, Confectionery and Bakery, Corner of Fourth and Poplar Streets.* Mr. Berton has, in his establishment, a splendid ice cream saloon for ladies and families. He also furnishes families with ice cream put up in ice, from a quart up. The greatest and best variation of fresh candies, bread and cake, all of his own, manufacture, constantly on hand. lw

A VERY GOOD AND CONVENIENT STAMP.—Those who desire to get a really good little stamp can find nothing that will give such satisfaction as Hudson's patent, ribband cancelling press die and dates. It by very slight changes prints the correct day of the month and year. It requires no handling of type, no bother with ink, and it costs only twelve dollars. It is sold by R. H. Singleton, Nashville.

There is not a store in the city that has a better stock of dress goods, or selling cheaper, than Lindauer & Pollock, 209 Main street. tf

NOTICES TO TAXPAYERS.—On the 1st of July next I will issue distress warrants against all persons who fail to pay their taxes for the fortieth corporate year. Parties in arrears for taxes will save themselves this annoyance and expense by calling at the office and paying their taxes, as the law will be strictly enforced against delinquents.

JOHN H. BOWEN,
City TAX COLLECTOR.
MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 18, 1867. 2w.

Twenty-five thousand dollars' worth of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., must be sold within thirty days, regardless of cost or value, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

A rare chance for citizens, country merchants and planters to secure great bargains in dry goods, boots and shoes, clothing, etc., damaged by the late fire at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

Corsets, only fifty cents a pair, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 209 Main street.

A GLIMPSE AT THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Impressions from Ten Minutes' Observation.

A good deal may be learned from ten minutes observation of our Board of Aldermen. It is the duty and interest of every citizen to know what much of the men into whose hands the Legislature has confided the welfare of Memphis. A brief study of the City Fathers will pay, and it should be fairly pursued. The partisan feelings of by gone political contests, and the personal prejudices that tend to give undue prominence to one member of the city government, or to undervalue the public services of another, should have no influence in estimating the character of the present officials. Let the fact go by. What sort of public servants are our Aldermen? What impressions did we get of them from ten minutes' observation yesterday?

They seem to make newer appeals to popular feeling, and to care less for present public opinion than most of their predecessors. They seem a working body, anxious to do well for Memphis, and to win future regard. They seem as if deeply impressed with the rough road that has to be traveled, but hopeful that Memphis credit and prosperity can be secured. They are not a jolly body. Passemore likes a sarcastic joke, but Amis and Hulbert are the only men who seem really to enjoy fun. The leading talkers are Townsend, Lynn, Smith and Wickersham. Mr. Townsend is one of the ablest members of the Board. He never talks unless he has something to say. One of the oldest commission merchants in the city, he has a public spirit, a decided character, and some experience in public business. A strong, independent man, who has won the confidence of the Board, and of the public generally, he is considered the especial guardian of the city treasury. Next to him sits the only Radical member of the Board, Dr. A. T. Shaw, who has, by his urbanity of manner and his good sense in relation to public measures, secured a larger share of respect and confidence than perhaps any other Radical in Memphis could have gained. Dr. Shaw is an able and has been a useful member of the Board, and is liked. Henry J. Lynn is one of the clearest headed members of the Board, a young man who has liberal views and generous impulses. He is perhaps the best debater among the City Fathers, and is regarded as singularly disinterested in his course. W. H. Passemore is an impulsive, energetic gentleman, who seems to like a tilt as the hobbies of his associates. He is a faithful and efficient Alderman. Hans Lemon is an excellent representative of the honest, well meaning, sensible and public spirited working men of Memphis. A plain man, he aspires not to oratory; but he makes as few mistakes in reference to men and measures as any member of the Board. T. O'Donnell is a quiet, firm thinking man, who has great regard for popular rights and interests. He sits beside Jules Holst, another quiet, firm and useful Alderman, who rarely speaks at all, and just as rarely votes erroneously. The town has not yet lost its natural R. P. Bolling comes next in the circle, and is regarded as a fair minded, useful man. Lewis Amis, the burly giant, who laughs heartily even at jokes upon himself, and is by no means a close talker or debater, is a man of sound sense, who takes a great interest in public improvements. Thos. O. Smith, jocularly designated the Cicero of the Board, is second to no member in point of spirit and desire to do his duty faithfully, and he makes a very useful Alderman. E. W. Wickersham is one of the three deepest members of the Board. He has not had a great deal of experience in public business, but is a gentleman of good sense, who tries to be useful to the people of Memphis. Less urbane than Dr. Shaw, with whom on many questions he frequently votes, he is not so popular, but has no less the respect of the Board. Marcus E. Cochran, a lumber merchant, a steady, quiet, calculating, sensible man, has great influence in committee, but is not addicted to speaking in the Board. Dr. G. D. Johnson is a little fussy, but is a high minded gentleman, who has served the public faithfully for a long time. He would not be fitted for trying emergencies, but is a very sensible and useful Alderman. Henry Hulbert is an admirable chairman. He relishes a joke, is clear, polite and genial, and is as far seeing as any member of the Board. John Glancy, honest John Glancy, the popular representative of Pinch, is a warm hearted man, whose sympathies are always with the working classes and the poor, and who has good sense in relation to public measures. J. J. Powers, clear, unassuming, generous and public spirited. Not much of a debater, but a man who has the merit of always wishing to do right, and the good sense generally to know how to do it.

These were the aldermen who yesterday sat in the City Hall. They have their foibles, their faults, their weakness; but Memphis has reason to be thankful that her aldermen are so sensible, public spirited and anxious to do their duty. We might have more fanciful, more brilliant, more pretensious city fathers. They are all business men—all men who have some interest in the welfare of our city. First men might cut a greater dash, but would scarcely legislate so well for municipal interests.

SPEECH ON FRIDAY NIGHT.

Let Every One Turn Out.

Nunn Invited to be Present.

John W. Lodwich, Conservative candidate for Congress, will address the people of Memphis at the Greenlaw Opera House, on next Friday night, at eight o'clock. Mr. Nunn, his Radical competitor, has been invited to be present.

THE ASBURY CHURCH FESTIVAL.

The Crowd Increasing.

The fair ladies who manage the festival in Stillman block, are each day adding to it some new attraction, some new feature of taste, and grace, and beauty. The hall is very handsomely fitted up, so handsomely, indeed, that Asbury festival is not likely to have many rivals. There are a dozen magnificent prizes for those who like such things, and cheaper enjoyments for those whose impecuniosity is a bar to lavish expenditures. The prevailing characteristic of this festival is its genial, social character, and an hour can be well spent in patronizing it. The liberality of the ladies of Asbury chapel in aiding the festivals gotten up by others for good or benevolent purposes, should now insure liberal patronage to this first fair of the Asbury chapel people.

LECTURE FOR THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.—General Chalmers did not lecture on the "Break of Day" last evening. He didn't do so. He never said he would. It was somebody's guess. He explained this, said he didn't ordinarily rise in season to lecture well on the breaking of the beautiful day, and didn't see much politics in the notion of day breaking, except it was from the adage that the darkest hour is just before day. General Chalmers, having made this explanation, spoke eloquently upon the duty of obedience to law. He traced the origin of law and legal obligation in a manner that would have been on the whole satisfactory to Blackstone. His sketch of American legal history and the views of present duties were ably and eloquently expressed.

WHAT WILL COME OF IT?—William Penn, who won ten acres or the White tract on the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad, proposes to lease it to any German or other gardener for a term of years at a nominal rent, provided the lessee will cultivate the tract into a perfect market garden. As shown by the report of Colonel Mageveny, Judge Morgan, Messrs. Merriwether, Compton, Ainsle and others, commissioners, the Southern Asylum distributed its property to the amount in value of nearly or quite $20,000, among purchasers of tickets to the amount of $17,000, (seventeen thousand dollars). The result of this distribution of lands is seen in the proposition of Mr. Penn. Property which costs the owner only five dollars may be leased very cheaply, in order that its value may be duplicated. There will be many idle people in the city drawn into the country, and the cost of living will be lessened by every garden that is cultivated. People of Memphis pay more for table supplies than those of any other city, and for the reason that there are few gardens along our railway lines.

NOT CERTAIN WHICH WILL TURN UP JACK.—It is reported that M. T. Ryder, Esq., who was nominated by the Brownlowites for Representative, is carefully considering what his chances are for getting the fat place of Sheriff by and by. If he concludes he can't get the Sheriffalty, he will continue to go in for Representative. If he thinks he can get to be Sheriff, he won't want to bother about getting to be Representative. In either case he should imitate Dailey, who expects to secure the wharfmastership by "practising on the negroes" at preaching. It would be funny if Hopburn should secure in Iowa the nomination to a fat place, and Ryder should make up his mind to make a grab at the Sheriffalty. The Brownlow party would once more have anxious travel to find popular candidates for Representatives. Richards, the last rose of Radicalism, would be left blooming alone. Another convention would have to be called. There would be another fracas between Ryder and Hatcher men. Bedford Lewis would have once more to drum up his colored stipendiaries, and socially hob nob with them at grog shop bars.

Official Drawing of the Missouri State Lottery.

CLASS 387, DRAWN JUNE 18, 1867.

18, 26, 14, 17, 52, 54, 9, 13, 16, 47, 28, 75, 61, 62.

CLASS 388, DRAWN JUNE 18, 1867.

36, 63, 54, 5, 74, 28, 65, 76, 3, 53, 50, 43, 15.

This lottery is drawn twice each day. Over $100,000 in prizes is paid each day. It is the only lottery in which the prizes are all cash. It has been drawn for over fifty years. Tickets cost from twenty-five cents to twenty dollars. It is the only lottery in which you can get a ticket with any number on it you wish. Call or send for a circular.

GEO. W. VAN WORT,
Southern Agent,
20 Jefferson street and 22 Gayoso street.

A Home for Mr. Davis.

To the People of the South: The Ladies' Davis Association of Mississippi was organized at the capital September 20th, 1866, for the purpose of reviving means for the family of ex-President Davis. A sufficient sum has been realized to meet present necessities. The work of love and duty which this Association proposes is raising funds for the purpose of purchasing a home for Mr. Davis in Mississippi. To effect this purpose it is necessary to appeal to the people of the Southern States for pecuniary assistance to organize associations in each of the States for the furtherance of the cause. The Association pledges its honor to the people of the South to apply faithfully the funds which may be contributed.

Contributions from all the States urgently solicited. They may be remitted to J. & T. Green, First National Bank, Jackson, Miss. All donations will be acknowledged by the Secretary.

Mrs. GOV. R. G. HUMPHREYS, President.
MISS SUE H. ADAMS, Secretary.
JACKSON, Miss. May 15, 1867. tf

A FESTIVAL OF RARE ATTRACTIVENESS.

Festoons of Evergreens, and Beauty Robed in Gossimer.

The festival of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church is all that it should be—all that it was intended to be. The festoons of evergreens, the perfume of its beautiful bouquets; the tasteful arrangement of its tables; their bounteous supplies of cakes and ice cream and berries, and other things that gratify all palates; and then the air of elegance and refinement that pervaded the place, and made the fair proprietresses seem a little prettier and nicer than ordinary world's people, made this festival all it should be—all that it was intended to be. Yet about it lurked no alarming dangers; no terrible risks of losing piles of greenbacks. Its simple enjoyments cost but a trifle. A little from each of its patrons will yield all the fund that is needed to carry out the purposes of its originators. No exciting and costly voting; no lavish outlay is needed. A call, the eating of a plate of berries, the partaking of other delicacies, at trifling cost, is all that is required. We are pleased that the remembrance of what the ladies of the Cumberland church did for the needy soldiers, is inducing their friends to make donations to the festival. Captain King, of the steamer Gleaner, has the thanks of the ladies for a handsome cake. Mr. Cockrell, Mr. Specht, and Mr. Rocco are thanked for similar favors, as also is the popular Captain Musselman. The crowd increased last evening, and will attend a full house to-night, if the weather is favorable.

ITEMIZER.

Bill Young is under arrest for beating his wife.

A colored Conservative barbecue is proposed.

Henry Woods was drowned on Monday.

The Confederate and Eagle base ball clubs play a match to-day on the Confederate's grounds.

John Welsh, a reputed confidence man, was on Monday arrested for vagrancy.

Attorney General Wallace was fined $20 and Mr. Philip $11.

A bet of $500 upon a fellow swimming across the Mississippi and back is upon the tapis.

There are sixty-three soda water fountains on Main street.

Henry Hall is under arrest for stealing three hundred dollars from Mrs. White.

John Poiens had his skull cracked with a base ball bat in the hands of some black fellow.

Johnny Marsh is under arrest for burglary at the house of Mr. Clapp, on Monroe street.

A falling brick cracked the skull of Ned Murphy. It fell from Mr. Craig's house.

A small fire occurred at the house of Mr. Black, on Third, near Exchange street. Damage $600.

John Price is charged with embezzling $400 from Bevins, Flint & Co.

Ed. Fisher, a little boy, was badly burned by pulling a lamp over upon himself.

Colonel Moses White, of this city, was in Nashville on last Sunday.

The great concert by the young ladies of St. Agnes academy will come off this evening.

Mark Sanders is charged with stealing four revolvers from Henry Morrison, and John Lake with stealing $400 from Mr. Lynch.

A number of gamblers at places that didn't pay up their black mail to the detectives were gobbled by the police on Monday night.

It is proposed that the urchins taken up from the gutters to make way for the Nichols-on pavement, shall be given to certain colored Radicals.

John Dennison was on Monday accidentally shot in the hip by a gun in the hands of Henry Miller.

Bob Wardlow, the leader of Wardlow's band, was tried yesterday and acquitted of the charges against him.

Jim Risley is charged with stealing five hundred dollars worth of clothing from Madden & Co., Front Row.

John Duffy shot a mule that was trespassing on his lot. It belonged to Mike Harder, who had Duffy arrested.

Dan Jefferson shot Pat Joyce on Monday night for saying improper things about his (Jefferson's) wife. Joyce was not much hurt.

It is hoped that there will be liberal donations sent to Dr. Wm. Wing, who has the charge of taking up and properly reinterring the dead at Iuka and Corinth.

John Donovan, Esq., left last evening for the North and East, on business connected with the new mess company.

The Young Men's Moral and Literary Society will give an exhibition on Thursday night, in the Central Methodist church on Union street.

A young lawyer, who had written to a young lady in Inka, something to the prejudice of another young lawyer, was made on Monday, to back square down, and with a letter to that effect.

Some boys who went swimming in Wolf river, yesterday, had their clothes stolen and had to wait all day before they could get clothes in which to go home.

Those who go out to-morrow morning by the eight o'clock train on the Memphis & Ohio Railroad to hear Mr. Etheridge speak at Humboldt, will enjoy a rare treat.

A concert is proposed for the benefit of a very worthy musical professor who has on all occasions given his aid when similar benefits were tendered to his brother artists.

A number of our railroad superintendents are in attendance at the great Louisville Railroad Convention, the object of which is the making of arrangements for fast time and close connections between Mobile, New Orleans and Louisville.

Some malicious or mischievous person placed powder in the pipe of a stove in the coffee and cake stand of Gollieb Wolf, at the Poplar Street Market, and quite an explosion took place. Nobody hurt.

A Nashville paper says: "Our old friend Joseph Trabue, now a citizens of Memphis, was in the city yesterday, and goes from here on a voyage to Europe, and before his return will visit the Paris Exposition.

To-day the children of Grace Church Sunday school are to have their picnic—postponed from Saturday last on account of the rain. Parents and friends are cordially invited to attend. The ground selected is a beautiful grove at the intersection of Vance street and the Pigeon Roost road, and about three hundred yards from the terminus of the Beale street railroad.

A letter from New York, published in a Radical paper, threatens that if the colored people of Tennessee vote against Brownlow and his crew, the right to vote shall be taken from the colored people in the more Southern States. This is Radical sympathy for colored people—this is Radical regard for the sacred right of colored people to vote. If they vote Radical, they shall vote. If they don't vote Radical then the Radicals want to deprive them of the right to vote at all.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, held this day, June 18, 1867, present the Hon. John Park, Mayor, Chairman Hulbert, Aldermen Powers, Glancy, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Smith, Bolling, Amis, Holst, O'Donnell, Townsend, Shaw, Lemon and Passmore.

A quorum being announced, the Chairman took his seat, and called the Board to order, when the roll of Aldermen was called and the minutes of the two preceding meetings read and approved.

MAYOR'S MESSAGE.

The following message was read to the Board.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 18, 1867.

Gentlemen of the Board of Aldermen:

I regret that I have to return, without my approval, the ordinance passed by your body on the 14th instant, requiring the side walks of Main and other streets to be widened to 12 feet, without bringing into view the policy of making this change in the width of the walks, or the effect that the act of making it is too great to be imposed at this time on either the city or the property owners.

I have consulted with many of the latter, and am convinced that the property owners on the streets named in the ordinance are almost unanimously opposed to the change as proposed.

I have the honor respectfully to be, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

W. O. LOLLAND, Mayor.

CITY ATTORNEY.

The following report was read to the Board:

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 18, 1867.

To Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

I have to report that the cases known as the "City Officers' cases" have been tried by the Supreme Court at its recent session at Jackson, and decided favorably for the City and three hundred dollars recovered.

The Court held that, with the expiration of the Board for the 6th corporate year, ended the term of those officers; also that by that Board, and that the present Board rightfully an entered upon all legal duties of the corporation, and have been recognized as such by the Supreme Court.

The Court held that all officers retaining their po sitions are doing so wrongfully, and that the places belong to those elected by the present Board, at the beginning of this corporate year.

The Memphis Fredrichs Company's case was also argued at the present session of the Supreme Court, but a decision in the case reserved until the Adjourned Term in November.

I would respectfully suggest that the interests of the City of Memphis than any suit ever instituted in our Courts. We can only hope that the decision may be favorable to the city.

Very respectfully,
R. J. MORGAN, City Attorney.

BOND ELECTION.

Hon. W. O. Lolland, Mayor:

The following is the result of the election held Saturday, 15th inst., in accordance with your orders:

NO. 6 ENGINE HOUSE.

For Bonds	202
No Bonds	19

ADAMS STREET ENGINE HOUSE.

For Bonds	212
No Bonds	20

NO. 2 ENGINE HOUSE.

For Bonds	120
No Bonds	15
For Bonds	80
No Bonds	80
Majority for Bonds	200

G. T. SMITH, S. A. A.

June 18, 1867.

A requisition from the City Engineer for books, etc., was made and granted.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Upon the petition of A. F. Morgan, asking a refunding out of money paid on city license, the report of the committee was adopted, and was approved by the Board.

Upon the petition of Attorneys for Collins' Chapel, proposing to settle a suit for damages, the report of the committee was adopted, and was adopted by the Board by the following vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Powers, Johnson, Cochran, Wickersham, Amis, Lynn, Bolling, Holst, Shaw, Townsend, Lemon and Passmore.

Nays—Messrs. O'Donnell and Smith.

Upon the petition of the Attorneys for the Trustees of Collins' Chapel, of date May 16, 1867, the committee report in favor of donating the brick of the old church on Vance and Poplar streets, for the rebuilding of this church, and that the city also donate the material in the old engine house, consisting of shingles, same not to cost over $100 in scrip, and that the other is to be in full settlement of all claims.

Upon the petitions of F. Shoemaker and Jennison & Brother, asking a refunding on license, the report of the committee was adverse, and was approved by the Board.

Upon the petition of the Memphis Gas Company, asking part pay for lettering, the report of the committee was that the Mayor be authorized to make the settlement, and was approved by the Board.

Upon the petition of Beats, asking a settlement of an account, the report of the committee was, that the Mayor be authorized to settle the same, and was approved by the Board.

COMMITTEE ON ACCOUNTS.

The Committee submitted the accounts of Mr. Tiebout, which, on motion of Chairman Committee, composed of Townsend, Shaw and Wickersham:

ORDINANCE COMMITTEE.

The following ordinance was submitted by the Committee and passed first reading, and referred.

An Ordinance to amend the Charter and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis.

SECTION 1. That a tax of sixteen dollars and sixty-five cents ($16 65) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed upon all lots and parts of lots fronting on each and every street from Market to Union.

SEC. 2. That a tax of five dollars and fifty cents ($5 50) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed upon all lots and parts of lots fronting on each and every street or first alley from Market to Union street.

SEC. 3. That a tax of five dollars and sixty-seven cents ($5 67) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed upon all lots and parts of lots fronting on both sides of Second alley between Market and Union streets.

SEC. 4. That a tax of three dollars and seventy-eight cents ($3 78) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed upon all lots and parts of lots fronting on each and every street or second alley from Market to Union street.

SEC. 5. That a tax of two dollars and eighty cents ($2 80) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed upon all lots and parts of lots fronting on each and every street or second alley from Market to Union street.

SEC. 6. That a tax of one dollar and forty cents ($1 40) per foot front be, and the same is hereby levied and assessed upon all lots and parts of lots fronting on each and every street or second alley from Market to Union street.

SEC. 7. That the taxes above provided for shall be, and the same is hereby made a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed, and shall be collected by the City Collector in thirty, sixty and ninety days from the passage of this ordinance, and if not paid within that time, shall be collected by distress and sale of the property upon which they are assessed, or any other property belonging to the owner thereof, and not exempt from levy and sale under the laws of the State of Tennessee.

SEC. 8. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Read the first time.

Ordered to be read the second time on Tuesday, June 25, 1867, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Referred to Mayor and Finance Committee to negotiate for insta'lment.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 11, 1867.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN:—The undersigned, property owners, respectfully call your attention to the very bad condition of the alley running from Vance to Beale street, between Main and Second streets, caused by throwing garbage and slops from kitchens, etc., into said alley. Should there be any contagious disease, such as cholera, etc., we should all expect to be its first victims, and we would call upon your honorable body that said alley be ordered and put in good condition.

Very respectfully submitted.

A. Simons, Beadle & Jones.	E. H. Fitzer,
G. Hough,	John Harbert,
H. Beadle,	Conaway, Jones & Tate,
John Trogdon,	Daniel Hanley,
Mrs. Hall Brown, & Co.	Fahey,
Mrs. J. Parsons,	O. Cahill,
A. B. Latting,	P. Cahill,
J. Lawrence & Co.	White, Kerr & Beadle,
Mrs. Hall Brown,	Jas. Fahey,
John Kershaw,	P. Cahill,
Richard O'Brien,	O. Cahill,
H. Kuphenhals,	H. Hoyt,
O. Conyers.	Spicer, Anderson & Co.

Referred to Improvement Committee, City Attorney and City Engineer.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, June 17, 1867.

To his Honor the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

We the trustees of Avery Chapel, pray that sidewalks be laid on both sides of Gayoso street, from Second to Deboto.

We remain, respectfully,

Reuben Alexander,	Columbus Polk,
Joseph Rose,	George Dunlap,
Jacob Hudson,	David Lewis,
Frank Dapson,	R. H. McCall,
	H. N. Rankin

Prayer granted, and Sergeant-at-Arms ordered to notify property owners to lay down the pavement.

By the same:

MEMPHIS, June 18, 1867.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTS: Since the opening of my infirmary, I have taken care of several patients who should have been sent to the City Hospital, for they proved to be charity cases. I do not propose to keep a charity hospital, and suppose kind of cases will continue to present themselves, and cannot turn them out of my house when once taken in, nor can I call on the city to pay for them, I hope, in consideration of the above facts, you will not deem my request out of place. I most respectfully position your Honorable Board for relief from the city taxes on my infirmary. For in addition to the above I would state, that the city for several years past used my premises as a station house, for which I received small rents, in city scrip, and had to sacrifice considerably on the same to realize the money.

Your favorable consideration will be most gratefully received and highly appreciated by

Yours, very respectfully,
JNO. R. WATKINS, M. D.

Referred to Finance Committee.

By Ald. Bolling:

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 23, 1867.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

The undersigned did, on the 6th day of October, 1865, pay to the City Tax Collector the sum of sixty-eight dollars and seventy-six cents, being the amount of taxes on a house and lot situated on Union street, for the corporate year ending July 1, 1866. The property on which the above mentioned taxes were paid was controlled entirely by the officers of the Freedmen's Bureau, they collecting and appropriating the amount of the taxes arising from the same. This they did for several months, if not the entire year above alluded to. The object of the undersigned is to have your honorable body to issue an order to him for the amount refunded if it can constitutionally do so.

Very respectfully,
J. R. S. GILLILAND.

Referred to Finance Committee.

[To be continued.]

MEMPHIS LADIES' INSTITUTE.

Interesting Commencement Exercises.

Everything passed off finely at the commencement exercises of the Memphis Ladies' Institute, in Greenlaw Opera House, last night. The following is the programme:

Overture to Zampa, by Herold ..... Miss A. Crawford, K. Williams, H. Bradshaw and K. Farris.
Song, The Wanderer ..... Junior Class.

CROWNING OF THE GRADUATES.

Misses Leora Williamson, Bettie Crawford, Nannie Quigley, Nannie Shepherd, Alice Rawlings and Agnes Thompson.	
Immortelles of Wine	Misses E. Thompson and E. Crawford.
Salutatory	Miss Alice Rawlings.
Essay, Over the Hill	Misses S. Shepherd and F. Crawford.
Warblings at Morn	Miss Kate Farris.
Essay, The Musician's Hope	Miss Fannie Hobart, O'Donnell, Townsend, Shaw Lemon and Passmore.
Song, Only Dreaming	Miss N. Quigley and B. Crawford.
Essay, The Mayflower	Miss Leora Williamson.
Essay, The Heavens Declare The Glory of God	Miss Minnie Shepherd.
A Life on the Ocean Wave	Miss Allie Crawford.
Recitation, Gertrude Von Der Wart	Miss Leora Williamson.
Music, I Know a Bank Whereon the Wild Thyme Blows	Miss Sue Fussell and Mrs. F. P. McGehee.
Essay, The Last Leaf	Miss Nannie Quigley.
Essay, Folded Banners	Miss Nannie Quigley.
Song, Where I've Wandered in Dreams	Miss L. Williamson and Mrs. F. P. McGehee.
Recollections of Childhood, by Winkler	Miss Bettie Crawford.
Valedictory	Miss Leora Williamson.
Tryostero, by Gottschalk	Miss Helen Bradshaw.
Galop Brillante	Miss A. Green and K. Farris.

FRENCH SALOUTS.

Friend, Essay	
Music, A. Dumas, E. Thomas, H. Bradshaw and K. Williams.	
Recitation, Essay	Miss Leora Williamson.
Adieu	Miss A. Crawford.

Presentation of Medals to the Graduates.
Conferring Degrees and presentation of Diplomas, by Rev. B. B. Sloan.
Grand March for two pianos, composed by Prof. Winkler.

Everything was creditable to the school, the teachers and the pupils, but in the opinion of competent judges the gems of the evening were "Lucretia Borgia," by Miss Kate Williams, and "Trovatore," by Miss Helen Bradshaw. These performances have been rarely equalled in Memphis, and did high honor to the musical instructor of the school.

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, June 19, 1867.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

The weather, yesterday, was clear and pleasant. The river here declined one foot in the past twenty-four hours. The Ohio is receding, with six feet in the canal. At Cairo the river is falling, but it is rising slowly at St. Louis. White and Arkansas rivers are declining steadily, with a fair stage in each.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Norman, Louisville.
" Louisiana, New Orleans.
" Henry Adkins, New Orleans.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Norman, Vicksburg.
" City of Alton, St. Louis.
" Henry Adkins, St. Louis.
" Commercial, White river.
" Harry Dean, Cincinnati.
" Mary Swan, Evansville.
" Mollie Hambleton, St. Francis river.

BOATS IN PORT.

Gleaner, Anna, Florence Taber,

MISCELLANEOUS.

Not much business on the landing yesterday, although there is considerable grain and hay piled up, apparently waiting for shipment when sufficient enterprise or demand shall warrant it. The weather was delightfully cool and pleasant through the day. The change from the previous day was great, and denoted that there was a heavy fall of rain or hail somewhere to make so decided an impression on the atmosphere.

As an illustration of the slackness of all operations, we may mention the difficulty the Mary Swan had to get out, reminding one of the fellow who couldn't stay where he was, and couldn't go anywhere else. Hers was the general complaint; but she seems to have been peculiarly afflicted. No travel and no freight—how can a former, tinclad, furbished up, possibly live—that is, pay her bills? The Swap did not even affect to settle hers, except in a way that will become quite fashionable when the Bankrupt Court shall sit.

The steamer Miner, falsely reported captured by Indians, some weeks ago, has reached St. Joseph Missouri, on her return trip. She had no trouble with the savages.

The regular Wednesday New Orleans packet, R. E. Lee, Captain

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.

S. S. GALLAWAY. } Editors and Proprietors
JOHN HAMPTON. }

Terms—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $15; Weekly $3. Subscriptions discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid for. Rates of advertising made known on application.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 29 Jefferson street, near the corner Main.

A JULY SESSION OF CONGRESS.

The Washington "Chronicle" Summoning the Clans.

Thad. Stevens Orders it.

The *Chronicle*, of Sunday, has a double leaded, two column article, which has been sent to all of the Republican members, calling upon them in the most positive language not to fail to be present at the meeting in July. It declares that the recent telegram forwarded to certain morning journals that an extra session would be called in August by the Executive, was sent with the President's sanction, and that it is a mere ruse to prevent a July session.

In connection therewith Thaddeus Stevens has addressed the following letter to the editor of the Washington *Chronicle:*

LANCASTER, PENN., June 13th.

I think it is proper to suggest the propriety of having a quorum in Congress on the first proximo. The opinions of the Attorney General seem to require some explanatory or supplemental acts. I need not point to the errors in favor of rebels, as there are so many of them they are easily seen. For instance, it is provided that to be entitled to be registered requires one year residence in the State. Every man can see that this means "continued residence" immediately before an election. The Attorney General holds that the party may take nine months when he was a boy and three months now. Andrew Johnson, by going a month before the election to North Carolina, where he lived thirty years ago, could vote. So with regard to clerks, military and civil officers, and holders of Confederate offices while in rebellion. But I will not take time to criticise.

How a mistake more objectionable is the fact of the usurpation by the Attorney General in acting at all in the question, and treating his directions as binding officially. The Attorney General has no more right to interfere that the President had to reconstruct, which provision Congress has settled. Since it has been adjudged that the conquered States are to be treated as subdued territory, and rebuilt with reference to their former condition, by legislative power alone, it is to be supposed that Congress alone is to be appealed to in case of difficulty. It is true the Attorney General is too good a lawyer to pretend to act under the Constitution, as it is well decided that admitting new States, and, of course, rebuilding a conquered territory, do not come within the provisions of that instrument. His opinion is just as good as any other good lawyer's, and no better. It is the attempt to treat it as official that is objectionable when he rules what shall be evidence.

If obeyed, he does great wrong. He has a fair excuse, however, under invitation of commanding Generals.

I have said this much with great reluctance, but finding my colleagues indifferent to the question, I have not been able to refrain. It is painful to fear, lest it should be thought I obtrude my opinions too often in public matters, but my anxiety relative to reconstruction must be my excuse.

With great respect, your obedient servant,
THADDEUS STEVENS.

ETHERIDGE AND MAYNARD AT CLEVELAND.

The Secret Grips and Signs of the Union League Exposed.

Maynard, by His own Logic, Proved a Negro.

The Chattanooga *Union* informs us that Hon. Emerson Etheridge and Hon. Horace Maynard addressed a large assembly at the Court House in Cleveland, yesterday. Mr. Maynard spoke first and used the usual Radical clap trap in regard to rebels, etc., and addressed a great part of his remarks to the negroes present. He said that Mr. Ethridge was a rebel, because all the late rebels were in favor of his election. He made a very poor speech, and floundered through it like a fish out of water. We understand, however, that it was a very good speech for him. Mr. Etheridge, in his reply, completely laid him out and made one of the most able and eloquent speeches that has been heard in Tennessee for many years. The Radicals had refused to allow a new flag which they had purchased for the League, to be used, but some of the good Conservative Union men, had preserved the old flag which the rebels had compelled them to haul down in 1861, and this tattered war worn emblem of the country was hung from the windows of the Court House, with the name of Emerson Etheridge inscribed upon it and surrounded with a beautiful wreath of evergreens and flowers. Mr. Etheridge made a most eloquent allusion to the flag during his speech. He exposed the usurpations and despotism of the Radicals in a most effective manner, and created a great consternation among the Loyal League by an exposition of their signs and of pathetic, the frightful news of which was heard with grins from the negroes and frowns from their white leaders. He said that as Mr. Maynard had charged him with being a rebel, because the late rebels were for him, and as Maynard had said that the colored men were all for him, he supposed Mr. Maynard, on the same principle, must be a negro! Great as his present admiration for the colored race is, the "Last of the Narragansetts," could not acquiesce in his statement. Mr. Maynard was completely excoriated, and the Conservative principles in Bradley county are fast gaining the control of the people.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

Letter from General Diaz.

Prospects of the Army Besieging the City.

WASHINGTON, June 14.

The following letter has been received from General Diaz:

YAGUBOYA, May 28.

"Senor Don Matilas Romero, Mexican Minister at Washington:

"My much esteemed friend—Since my last letter to you, the division of General Riva Batascio, and a brigade from Puebla which was attached to the army of the East during the seige of Queretaro, have been incorporated in the army of operation against the City of Mexico. Also, the army of the West, under General Corona, and two divisions of the army of the North, under General Francisco La Taro. We number in all thirty-five thousand men, and within a few days Mexico shall be ours. I could have taken it with the forces of the eastern army alone, but I had not sufficient cavalry to cover all the outlets through which the principal guilty parties would have escaped. But now, with nine thousand cavalry, all the avenues will be well guarded. The same thing will happen as at Queretaro. None will escape. I have full faith and great confidence in the result.

"Within the City of Mexico the press still endeavors to deceive the people by denying the fall of Queretaro and the imprisonment of Maximillian, but both the people and the army have heard of it. I considered the occupation of Mexico a matter of a very few hours, and I do not believe Vera Cruz will attempt to hold out afterward.

"In conclusion, when you shall have received this, the soil of Mexico will have been cleared of traitors. Your sincere friend,

"PORFIRIO DIAZ."

The Jumping Match for Two Thousand Dollars—Robert Way the Winner.

The grand jumping match between Robert Way, of Pittsburg, and Norman P. Bortles, of New York, for two thousand dollars and the championship of America, came off yesterday afternoon at the Union park, Allegheny City, Long before the hour appointed for the match, a large crowd had collected, and at the time of the contest no less than five hundred persons were present. The jumping took place between three and four o'clock, and the distance made by each was as follows: Robert Way, twelve feet five and a half inches; Norman P. Bortles, twelve feet two and a half inches.

Way was, therefore, declared the winner of the stakes and the championship. The stakes were accordingly handed over to him. After the match, Way took ten consecutive jumps, which in all measured no less than one hundred and eighteen feet. The last jump, when he threw away the weights, measured the astonishing distance of eighteen feet. Each man jumped with iron weights of forty pounds, twenty pounds in each hand.—*Pittsburg Gazette, 13th.*

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

Wilson county had registered up to the evening of the 7th, 589 whites and 303 colored voters.

The Jonesborough, Tennessee *Flag*, calls a certain minister of that locality an "itinerating pestilence."

While Cole's store and dwelling, and Deidrick's jewelry store, at Franklin, Tennessee, were burned on Tuesday. Loss $7,500; no insurance.

Mr. Austin Farrell, a soldier in the war of 1812, died at the residence of his brother in law, in Scott county, Tennessee, lately, in the seventy-seventh year of his age.

Mr. Wellmore, of Gallatin, Tennessee, arrived at Cincinnati Friday, and had just taken a seat in an omnibus at the depot, when he remembered having left something in the car. Leaving his satchel on the bus seat, he went back to the car. This satchel contained seven thousand dollars' worth of checks and notes, payable to bearer. When he returned he found it had been stolen. Up to the present time he has not been able to obtain information as to the thief. As a matter of course the police would be sent to hunt them up, who would run their bayonets through all such as refused to follow their course. The same scoundrels tell the ignorant blacks that Congress is going to cut up the large plantations into small ones, giving each freedman a farm. If that is not sufficient inducement to vote the Radical ticket the poor devils are to be driven from the country at the point of the bayonet.

The Vicksburg *Republican* of Saturday last pitches into Rev. J. P. Campbell, a colored Bishop of the Methodist church, for making what it terms a rebel speech, and also into Rev. T. W. Stringer, another colored minister, for introducing him. These two colored preachers, being educated men, and having lived among the Yankees, and learned to place a proper estimate upon their professions of friendship, are warning their colored brethren of the snares set for them by the peaked nosed hypocrites of fanatical New England, and this is why they are denounced and ridiculed by the Radical press.

ALABAMA ITEMS.

Seven districts in Alabama are supplied with colored Registers from Montgomery.

Judge W. H. Smith, of Randolph, has been nominated by some of the Union Leagues for Governor of Alabama.

In view of the great stagnation in commercial pursuits, rents have declined considerably in Montgomery and other cities in this State.

The cotton crop of Alabama last year was 329,415 bales, more than half of which was raised in seven counties in the middle portion of the State.

A negro woman was murdered on the first instant, about four miles from Selma. Her throat was cut, and a beautiful young babe was left to perish. Her husband has been arrested for committing the crime.

A festive youth entered a coffee saloon in Mobile, Thursday evening, and without any ado smashed a mirror worth $175, with a tumbler.

It is stated the registry voters in Alabama will be about 180,000; about equally divided between blacks and whites.

A reconstruction meeting was recently held in Butler county, at which Hon. W. H. Crenshaw, President of the Senate, made an earnest appeal for harmonious and just relations between the races.

One of the convicts employed on the Selma and Montgomery railroad, came to his death on Saturday last in consequence of over exertion and the extreme heat of the sun. His death was caused, doubtless, from long confinement and sudden exposure to the weather.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, June 19, 1867.

The money market continues quiet and steady, no change worthy of note. The discount market continues to rule close, with the rates of interest firm and unchanged; first class approved paper ranges at 10@12 ℘ cent., commercial at 10@18. Gold in New York was steady at 137¾. The market here was inactive, with light transactions throughout the day, with the premium rates ruling from 1.36@1.36¼. Silver remains steady and firm: buying at 1.26@28.

EXCHANGE—Firm and steady; buying at ¼ off, and selling at ¼ premium.

CITY SCRIP—The market yesterday was firm, with a good demand and fair transactions. Brokers during the morning were buying at 63@65, and selling at 67@68. Holders in fact cases were holding firm at 66@70. County Scrip, Fifties firm at 55@60. Bailee Scrip—buying at 75@80.

BONDS—Memphis and Ohio railroad bonds, 25@30; Memphis and Little Rock first mortgage bonds, 60@70; Memphis and Charleston railroad bonds, 65@70; Tennessee bonds, with coupons, 49@55; Tennessee bonds, new, 55@60; Mobile and Ohio railroad bonds, 50@55; Memphis city coupons, 60@65; Memphis city railroad bonds, 60@60. Sales at par—Quiet and steady; a small demand and little offering. Transactions are confined to small lots: Bank of Tennessee, old, 95@45c; Farmers' Bank, 96c; Union Bank, 96c; Union Bank Certificates, 96c; Bank of Chattanooga, 10c; Bank of Commerce, 95c; Bank of Nashville, —; Bank of Memphis, par; Bank of Middle Tennessee, 95c; Bank of Paris, 95c; Bank of Union, 95c; Bank of Knoxville, 42c; Bank of West Tennessee, 45c; Bucks Bank, 95c; City Bank, 90c; Commercial Bank, par; Merchants' Bank, 95c; Northern Bank, 95c; Ocoee Bank, 5c; Bank of Shelbyville, 80c; Southern Bank, 25c; Traders' Bank, 95c; Life and General Insurance Company, 20c.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, June 19, 1867.

Trade in the leading markets was stagnant, with limited transactions. There was little doing aside from a small jobbing trade in plantation supplies.

COTTON—The market yesterday opened dull and quiet, with little offering and few enquiries. Fine grades are scarce, and holders are holding middlings and good middlings firm, and are asking prices for those grades above buyers' views. The market throughout the day exhibited a dull appearance, though prices were steady and unchanged. Sales for the day foot up small. Middling at 24½@25c; strict middling at 25½@25¾c; low middling at 25¼@25½c; ordinaries at 20@21c. The Liverpool and New York markets were reported quiet, with prices unchanged.

Ordinary	16 @21
Good ordinary	21 @24
Low middling	24 @24½
Middling	25 @25½
Good middling	26 @26½

GENERAL MARKET.

[NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders to the city or country trade an advance of three to five per cent. is obtained.]

CORN—The market yesterday was quiet with full receipts and light transactions. Choice white and yellow on the levee, ruled at 90@91; in store, $1 03@1 08; mixed and inferior ruled at 90@96 on the levee.

OATS—Steady, with a small trade doing; choice, on the levee, ruled at 75@80c; in store at 82@85c.

CORN-MEAL—Steady, with sales of kiln dried at $4 85@5.

HAY—Dull and inactive, with a large supply on the market. Prime timothy, on the levee, ruled at one hundred and eighteen cents per hundred pounds; choice, 110@115; mixed, 100@105; lower grades ruled at [illegible]

CHICKENS—In fair supply, selling at $5@6 50 per dozen; spring chickens are coming in freely, but selling at irregular rates, from $3 50@5 per dozen.

BUTTER—Quiet, with a large stock on the market. Choice yellow ruled at 24@26c; new yellow, 22@24c; common, 18@20c.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork rules dull in large lots at $22 50@24; in small lots at $24 50; prime is nominal and in light request at $20@21 50.

BACON—Steady. Clear sides ruled at 12@13½c; clear ribbed sides, 12@13½; ribbed sides, 11½@12½c; shoulders, 9½@10½; canvassed hams, 14@16½c; plain hams, at 13@13½c; breakfast bacon, 16@15½c.

LARD—In fair demand, with small receipts, with sales at 20@22½c.

FLOUR—Continues quiet and unchanged, with a small trade doing; superfine, $10@12; extra, 13@14; double extra, $15@18; fancy, $17@19.

LARD—Quiet and steady. Keg lard, 13½@14½c; tierces, 12½@13c.

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.—The market is inactive. We quote white lead, as to quality, 12½@15c; American zinc, 9@10c; French zinc, 12½@16c; linseed oil, $1 10; turpentine, $1 10; dryers, 16c; putty, 7½@8c.

GREASE—In demand, at 7@7½c per pound for shipment.

GUNPOWDER—Inactive and nominally $10 per keg; $5 50 per half keg; $3 25 per quarter keg.

LEATHER—Quiet and steady. Oak sole, 46@52c; hemlock, 40@43c; harness, 36@43c; skirting, 45@46c; uppers, per dozen, $35 50; French calf, $80@72; American calf, $42@54.

FISH—Quiet, with a fair jobbing trade doing. North Carolina white shad, half barrels, $10; family Roe herrings, half barrel, $10; cut herrings, per barrel, $16; Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl, $23; per half bbl, $12@12 50; per kit, $2@3 10; No. 2 per bbl, $21; per half bbl, $11; per kit, $2 75; No. 3 per bbl, $18@19; per half bbl, $10; per kit, $2 50@2 60. White fish, per half bbl, $7@9. Dried cod per lb, 8@9c. Dried herrings per box, 65c.

CHEESE—Nominal; Western Reserve 17@18c.

BEANS—Firm and steady at $4@4 50 per ton.

APPLES—Steady and firm at $8@10 per bbl.

COFFEE—Market steady with a small trade doing; Rio, 26@29c; Laguira, 32@35c; Java, 36@43c.

MOLASSES—Market inactive, with a small trade doing. New Orleans 80 to 90; Sorghum at 65 to 75c. Syrups 95c to $1 10.

SUGAR—Steady and quiet. Orleans 13¼ to 16c; crushed and powdered 17@17½c; coffee sugars 15 to 16¼c; yellow refined 13 to 15c.

POTATOES—In good demand, with few of the old crops on the market, which are selling at $6@6 50 per barrel; new in fair supply, selling at $6@6 50 per barrel.

ONIONS—In fair demand at $3 50@4 50 per brl.

BANANAS—Quiet at $3 25@3 50 per brl for prime navy.

RICE—Quiet at 11¼@12½c per lb.

SALT—Steady and dull at $2 75@3 per brl.

TALLOW—9@10 per lb.

TAR—Quiet at $6 50 per keg.

TURPENTINE—Firm at $1@1 10 per gallon.

CANDLES—Dull and quiet at 16c for light weights.

WHITE LEAD—Steady at 12 to 16c per lb.

WOOL—In fair demand; unwashed, 20@28c; washed, 30@40c per lb.

WHISKY—Market steady and quiet, with a small trade doing. Sales of common at $1 00@2 25; Bourbon, $3 50@4 25.

TOBACCO—There is a good demand for all grades and prices are unchanged. A fine stock is on hand and new supplies are coming in freely. We quote natural leaf at $1 20@1 30; fancy Virginia, new work, $1 00@1 25; fine bright, pounds, $1 00@1 10; medium do, pounds, 75@80c; common bright, pounds, 60@75c; fine fancy smoking, 75c@$1 00.

BURNWAX—Dull and quiet at 30c.

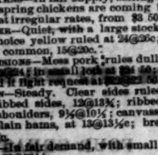
BAGGING—Nominal and nothing doing.

CEMENT—Quiet at $3 25@3 50; Rosendale, $4 25@4 50.

HIDES—In fair demand; flint, 17c; salted, 10@10½c; green, 8@8½c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAYRE, PLUMB & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
SADDLERY



SADDLERY HARDWARE
142 Poydras Street,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
DIXON & CO., St. Louis, Mo | J. O. FORD & CO., Memphis, Tenn.

MECHANICAL WONDER

THE HICKS STEAM ENGINE.

MANUFACTURED BY THE
HICKS STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,
OF DELAWARE.
BLANTON DUNCAN, Pres't.
THOS. R. SHARP, Gen'l Sup't.

WE beg leave to call the attention of the public to this wonderful Steam Engine, now on exhibition at the
Avalanche Office, 22 Jefferson Street,
Which is cheaper, lighter, less intricate, occupies less space, consumes less fuel than any other engine, and is superior in every other way. It being in fact a double cut-off engine, without the friction of a double set of valves with their multiform attachments, and for its superior merits was

AWARDED THE GOLD MEDAL
At the Maryland Institute Fair, in October, 1866, over all other engines. This invention, therefore, forms the basis of a radical and entire change in steam engines which has occurred since the days of Watt, being durable, accurate and economical in operation and space beyond all comparison with the past, and at far less original cost than ever before attained. All orders will be promptly filled by
GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.,
Avalanche Building.
Or WORMELEY, JOY & CO.,
No. 249 Front street.

Send for Circulars giving minute description of Engine.
Purchasers of the Engine can have it set up at a small cost by a skillful machinist of the city, and put in satisfactory working order.
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WATCHES! DIAMONDS!

SOLID GOLD
Watches, Chains, Rings,
Bracelets, Brooches, Ear Rings,
Thimbles, Buttons, Keys, Etc.

SOLID SILVER
Watches, Pitchers, Goblets,
Spoons, Forks, Ladies.

IN fact everything in the Silver line, from a Thimble to a
SOLID TEA SERVICE,
AT MERRIMAN, BYRD & CO.'S,
No. 275 Main street.

Our Stock is New, Fine, Elegant.

THE CHINGARORA
ANTI-NERVOUS
SMOKING TOBACCO

THE CHINGARORA TOBACCO grows from the rich soil of the "ORIENT," and is possessed of a peculiarly delicious flavor entirely unknown to the tobacco of all other climes, which has superseded all popularity here sprung from the fact of the Chingarora containing a healthful principle, or antidote to the noxious properties of other tobacco, and which is the sole and the sole cause of the distinguished preference given to it by the masses. This must sooner or later, follow the intelligence of the world over, as a universal blessing to the smoker of pipe and cigar. At the recent examination of tobacco from all parts of the world, by the Academy of Sciences in Paris, Professor Chevalier, M. Lamoureux, declared that while Europe and the United States produced tobacco containing per cent of nicotine, and the purest Havana tobacco from two to five per cent. of the same, the CHINGARORA did not contain a single appreciable particle of that deadly poison, a drop of which, extracted, will destroy life.

The Academy on Tuesday has shipped us large quantities of the CHINGARORA during the past week, and the orders which have been pressed to supply the demand for this delicious luxury to the veteran smoker, yet we are now prepared to offer it in unlimited quantities at a price which is from one to two American tobacco of a far inferior quality.

A connoisseur has but to smoke the American tobacco and cigars, which are invariably chemically flavored, to be disgusted with the unnatural taste which leaves a nauseous, sickening coating in the mouth, and in time seldom fails to shatter the strongest nerves.

The natives of the "ORIENT" smoke the CHINGARORA from mere ish right, from youth to age, and are happy, unconscious of the vile, deadly poison which corrodes through the veins of the lungs of the lovers of tobacco containing nicotine.

We invite every lover of the weed to try the CHINGARORA, and guarantee unprecedented pleasure in its delicious flavor.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

EDWIN M. COOK & CO.,
Sole Agents and Importers of the Chingarora Tobacco for the United States and Canadas and Dealers in all kinds of
Havana and American Cigars and Tobaccos,
MAIN DEPOT—197 DUANE STREET, NEW YORK.

HOTELS.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL
Cor. Front and Jefferson.

HAVING purchased the Interest of Captain J. W. HALE in the above establishment, I respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of my friends and the public generally. No effort will be spared on my part to render it one of the most desirable places of resort in the city. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords, comparing favorably with the best hotels in the country.
COOPER & JAMES.
Chattanooga.

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL
IS NOW OPEN FOR THE
ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS.

A new House with forty rooms has been added to the large Hotel, with all modern improvements.

Billiard Tables, Ten-pin Alleys, Bath Rooms, Swings, Etc.,

Good health, the best Water in the world, superb music, magnificent ball room, fine hunting and fishing, and every inducement for pleasure, health and comfort.

115 miles east of Memphis, on Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

With two daily trains, telegraph, etc. Rooms can be engaged of T. J. CRAFT & CO., No. 36 Main street.
PATTERSON, WRIGHT & CO.,
apr19 2m Proprietors.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

W. A. HURD, of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY of Spotswood Hotel, Richmond, Va.
PROPRIETORS.

FRIENDS AND STRANGERS ARE INVITED TO
PATRONIZE THIS ESTABLISHMENT

ALL facilities offered by other houses can be found in it. Fare equal.

Telegraphic Communication
Can be had with any section of the country from the Hotel office.
jan1st

RALEIGH SPRINGS.
FRANKLIN HOUSE.

HAVING made additions to the above House, and secured other conveniences and comfortable rooms in connection therewith, the undersigned will open the same
On the 13th Day of May Next,
For the accommodation of the public generally, and parties may depend upon every exertion of the healing virtues of the justly famed RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS.

Every effort will be made to render it a pleasant and genial the sojourn of every visitor, and the season bids fair to be gay and lively. A good Band of Music has been engaged and will be at all times in attendance.

A SPACIOUS BALL ROOM has been provided together with every facility for the enjoyment of boating.

Taylor's Daily OMNIBUS LINE will connect with Ohio railroad trains at BLANTYRE STATION, seven miles east of Memphis and two miles west of Raleigh.

Visitors on application, now will be accommodated and duly cared for.

The invaluable properties of these mineral waters are too well known to the public to require further commendation. Thousands of cures effected in the case of chronic diseases, and the restoration of the RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS could be suggested.
R. H. & R. F. COLEMAN,
apr30 1y Proprietor.

Rockbridge Alum Springs,
VIRGINIA.

THIS favorite and delightful watering place will be open 1st JUNE FIRST. Arrangements are making to render it more than ever attractive to all in quest of recreation, while to the invalid its remarkable medicinal waters hold out new sources of health.

Its reputation is established as a cure for SCROFULA and some of the Glandular and Cutaneous affections, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA and DYSENTERY, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUS COLIC, DISEASES of the Kidneys and Bladder, DROPSY and PILES. In all atonic conditions of the system and those where the constitution is out of a typical form and general Nervous Prostration, their powers and virtues as a Restorative are universal among the mineral waters of the world. They are especially indicated in the ailments peculiar to the female constitution.

The Springs are distant only eleven hours from Richmond and three hours by rail; in the midst of the wild and picturesque grand mountain ranges of Virginia; in the same county with the Natural Bridge, which is but a few miles distant, and near to Lexington, Washington College, and the Military Institute; the home of LEE, and the tomb of JACKSON.

For all particulars of routes, location and properties of the water, see Springs' pamphlet, sent free by mail.

The bottled water and the salts of the water (or "mass") can at all times be had fresh and genuine from Hegeman & Co., New York; Coleman & Rogers, Baltimore; Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond, and A. B. Rucker, Lynchburg, Va.

A superior BAND OF MUSIC for both lawn and ball-room in attendance during the season.

Daily mails at this office by Virginia Central railroad.
FRAZIER & RANDOLPH,
Proprietors.
Captain WM. H. SALE,
General Superintendent.
1867. 1867.

THE CAYCE SPRINGS PLACE

THIS picturesque, romantic and popular Southern resort is now open to invalids and pleasure seekers, after thorough improvements and additions. The qualities and properties of the various MINERAL and FINE STONE SPRINGS of "Cayce," are ESTABLISHED AS EQUAL to any on the continent.

Carriages will be in attendance on the arrival of each train at Thompson's Station, on the Nashville and Decatur railroad, to carry visitors and baggage to the Springs without delay.

TERMS:

Boarding per day ..... $ 3 00
Boarding per week 15 0
Children and servants half price. Twenty per cent. deducted for families.
Omnibus fare 50 cents. Baggage as usual.
BENJAMIN F. SHIELDS, Proprietor,
Thompson's Station P. O.,
mar5-1m Near Leiper's, Tenn.

COYNER'S
WHITE & BLACK SULPHUR SPRINGS

THIS WELL KNOWN WATERING PLACE, situated in Botetourt county, Va., on the line of, and in full view of the VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD, will be again opened for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June, 1867.

Persons coming from the South and West will arrive at the Springs in about ten hours from Bristol Town. Those leaving Baltimore, Washington, Richmond and Petersburg, will arrive the same evening at the Springs.

Visitors desiring to stop, by informing the Conductor when they strike the Virginia and Tennessee railroad of the fact, will be landed at the platform immediately opposite the Springs.

The undersigned (formerly of Richmond) takes pleasure in informing his friends, and the public generally, that he has resumed the control of the Springs, and that no pains will be spared to render it in a first-class hotel, and will SPARE NEITHER TROUBLE NOR EXPENSE to render it pleasant and agreeable to its guests.

There are FIVE SULPHUR SPRINGS, the medicinal qualities of which are so generally and favorably known that it is deemed unnecessary to speak of their virtues.

A FINE BAND will be in attendance during the season.

For terms, etc., address the undersigned at Bonsacks, Roanoke county, Va.
WM. H. FRY,
ap7-1m Proprietor.

FRESH GRITS, HARRISON FLOUR,
NICE CORNMEAL, POTTER'S FLOUR,
N. O. MOLASSES, DAVIS HAMS,
BEST GOLD'N SYRUP, DAVIS BR. BACON,
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
mh20 Main street.

VERY FINE CRACK'RS, VERY FINE TEAS,
GRASS BUTTER, Nice. YEAST POWDERS,
IAVa COFFEE, ENGLISH PICKLES
UNDERWOOD PICK'S, RED COFFEE.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
mh20 Main street.

DRIED BEEF, MACARONI,
SHAKER PRESERVES, VERMICELLI,
JELLIES, SODA, CANDLES.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
mh20 Main street.

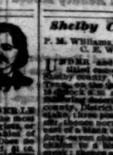
IF YOU GET FROM US
FLOUR,
HAMS,
BREAKFAST BACON,
PICKLES,
YEAST POWDERS,
CORN MEAL,
LARD,
OR COFFEE,
And they are not No. 1, they will be taken back free of charge and you will make it a RULE to get them of us. BEST goods all the time.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
mh20 Main street.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
281 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

MISCELLANEOUS

BEAUTY.

Ladies, Gentlemen, Please read Silken Curls.



I RECOMMEND to the use of Prof. DR BRIGGS'S FRENCH LILY CREAM. Its application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair, in the most beautiful manner, in every, tenacious curls. It has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London with the utmost success, and is now offered for sale in all the principal cities of the United States.
Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

All high-toned gentlemen will be paid to the general comfort of the guests. My aim is to keep

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL OR NONE.
jan1-1m D. BRIGGS, Proprietor

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Summit of Lookout Mountain.

THIS favorite summer resort will be opened for the accommodation of guests

ON THE 15th DAY OF MAY NEXT.

THE Proprietors desire to call to their patrons and parties in search of spending the summer months in the salubrious and historical region, that they have spared no pains in fitting up at great expense for their accommodation. The table, cuisine, billiard rooms and all healthful amusements usually found at first class mountain resorts, while the table will be supplied with the best the market affords, comparing favorably with the best hotels in the country.

For further information call address
COOPER & JAMES,
apr23-tf Chattanooga.

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL
IS NOW OPEN FOR THE
ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS.

A new House with forty rooms has been added to the large Hotel, with all modern improvements.

Billiard Tables, Ten-pin Alleys, Bath Rooms, Swings, Etc.,

Good health, the best Water in the world, superb music, magnificent ball room, fine hunting and fishing, and every inducement for pleasure, health and comfort.

115 miles east of Memphis, on Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

With two daily trains, telegraph, etc. Rooms can be engaged of T. J. CRAFT & CO., No. 36 Main street.
PATTERSON, WRIGHT & CO.,
apr19 2m Proprietors.

Columbus (Ga.) Sun, Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser, Selma (Ala.) Times, and New Orleans (La.) Picayune, copy and send bill to Proprietors, at Chattanooga.

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apr19 2m Proprietors.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

W. A. HURD, of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY of Spotswood Hotel, Richmond, Va.
PROPRIETORS.

FRIENDS AND STRANGERS ARE INVITED TO
PATRONIZE THIS ESTABLISHMENT

ALL facilities offered by other houses can be found in it. Fare equal.

Telegraphic Communication
Can be had with any section of the country from the Hotel office.
jan1st

RALEIGH SPRINGS.
FRANKLIN HOUSE.

HAVING made additions to the above House, and secured other conveniences and comfortable rooms in connection therewith, the undersigned will open the same
On the 13th Day of May Next,
For the accommodation of the public generally, and parties may depend upon every exertion of the healing virtues of the justly famed RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS.

Every effort will be made to render it a pleasant and genial the sojourn of every visitor, and the season bids fair to be gay and lively. A good Band of Music has been engaged and will be at all times in attendance.

A SPACIOUS BALL ROOM has been provided together with every facility for the enjoyment of boating.

Taylor's Daily OMNIBUS LINE will connect with Ohio railroad trains at BLANTYRE STATION, seven miles east of Memphis and two miles west of Raleigh.

Visitors on application, now will be accommodated and duly cared for.

The invaluable properties of these mineral waters are too well known to the public to require further commendation. Thousands of cures effected in the case of chronic diseases, and the restoration of the RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS could be suggested.
R. H. & R. F. COLEMAN,
apr30 1y Proprietor

Rockbridge Alum Springs,
VIRGINIA.

THIS favorite and delightful watering place will be open 1st JUNE FIRST. Arrangements are making to render it more than ever attractive to all in quest of recreation, while to the invalid its remarkable medicinal waters hold out new sources of health.

Its reputation is established as a cure for SCROFULA and some of the Glandular and Cutaneous affections, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA and DYSENTERY, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUS COLIC, DISEASES of the Kidneys and Bladder, DROPSY and PILES. In all atonic conditions of the system and those where the constitution is out of a typical form and general Nervous Prostration, their powers and virtues as a Restorative are universal among the mineral waters of the world. They are especially indicated in the ailments peculiar to the female constitution.

The Springs are distant only eleven hours from Richmond and three hours by rail; in the midst of the wild and picturesque grand mountain ranges of Virginia; in the same county with the Natural Bridge, which is but a few miles distant, and near to Lexington, Washington College, and the Military Institute; the home of LEE, and the tomb of JACKSON.

For all particulars of routes, location and properties of the water, see Springs' pamphlet, sent free by mail.

The bottled water and the salts of the water (or "mass") can at all times be had fresh and genuine from Hegeman & Co., New York; Coleman & Rogers, Baltimore; Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond, and A. B. Rucker, Lynchburg, Va.

A superior BAND OF MUSIC for both lawn and ball-room in attendance during the season.

Daily mails at this office by Virginia Central railroad.
FRAZIER & RANDOLPH,
Proprietors.
Captain WM. H. SALE,
General Superintendent.
1867. 1867.

THE CAYCE SPRINGS PLACE

THIS picturesque, romantic and popular Southern resort is now open to invalids and pleasure seekers, after thorough improvements and additions. The qualities and properties of the various MINERAL and FINE STONE SPRINGS of "Cayce," are ESTABLISHED AS EQUAL to any on the continent.

Carriages will be in attendance on the arrival of each train at Thompson's Station, on the Nashville and Decatur railroad, to carry visitors and baggage to the Springs without delay.

TERMS:

Boarding per day ..... $ 3 00
Boarding per week 15 0
Children and servants half price. Twenty per cent. deducted for families.
Omnibus fare 50 cents. Baggage as usual.
BENJAMIN F. SHIELDS, Proprietor,
Thompson's Station P. O.,
mar5-1m Near Leiper's, Tenn.

COYNER'S
WHITE & BLACK SULPHUR SPRINGS

THIS WELL KNOWN WATERING PLACE, situated in Botetourt county, Va., on the line of, and in full view of the VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD, will be again opened for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June, 1867.

Persons coming from the South and West will arrive at the Springs in about ten hours from Bristol Town. Those leaving Baltimore, Washington, Richmond and Petersburg, will arrive the same evening at the Springs.

Visitors desiring to stop, by informing the Conductor when they strike the Virginia and Tennessee railroad of the fact, will be landed at the platform immediately opposite the Springs.

The undersigned (formerly of Richmond) takes pleasure in informing his friends, and the public generally, that he has resumed the control of the Springs, and that no pains will be spared to render it in a first-class hotel, and will SPARE NEITHER TROUBLE NOR EXPENSE to render it pleasant and agreeable to its guests.

There are FIVE SULPHUR SPRINGS, the medicinal qualities of which are so generally and favorably known that it is deemed unnecessary to speak of their virtues.

A FINE BAND will be in attendance during the season.

For terms, etc., address the undersigned at Bonsacks, Roanoke county, Va.
WM. H. FRY,
ap7-1m Proprietor.

FRESH GRITS, HARRISON FLOUR,
NICE CORNMEAL, POTTER'S FLOUR,
N. O. MOLASSES, DAVIS HAMS,
BEST GOLD'N SYRUP, DAVIS BR. BACON,
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
mh20 Main street.

VERY FINE CRACK'RS, VERY FINE TEAS,
GRASS BUTTER, Nice. YEAST POWDERS,
IAVa COFFEE, ENGLISH PICKLES
UNDERWOOD PICK'S, RED COFFEE.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
mh20 Main street.

DRIED BEEF, MACARONI,
SHAKER PRESERVES, VERMICELLI,
JELLIES, SODA, CANDLES.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
mh20 Main street.

IF YOU GET FROM US
FLOUR,
HAMS,
BREAKFAST BACON,
PICKLES,
YEAST POWDERS,
CORN MEAL,
LARD,
OR COFFEE,
And they are not No. 1, they will be taken back free of charge and you will make it a RULE to get them of us. BEST goods all the time.
FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
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